

MOOSE JAW TIMES.

VOL. VI.—NO. 7.

MOOSE JAW, N. W. T., FRIDAY, AUGUST 10, 1894.

\$1.50 PER ANNUM.

BUSINESS CARDS.

Under this head Business Cards not exceeding six inches, ten dollars per annum.

W. M. GRAYSON, Barrister, Attorney,
Conveyancer, Notary Public, Etc.
Office Main St., Moose Jaw, N. W. T.
Agent for the Canada Northwest Land Com-
pany, Limited, and the Trustees of Moose Jaw
Town Site.

J. G. GORDON, Barrister, Advocate,
Etc. Agent for the Manitoba and
North-West Loan Co. Office, High St., Moose
Jaw, N. W. T.

W. J. NELSON, Barrister, Advocate,
Conveyancer. Room 14, Alameda
House, River St. E., Moose Jaw.

JOHNSTONE & JONES,
Barristers, Solicitors, Advocates, Etc.
Office: Cor. South Ry. & Rose Sts., Regina.
T. C. JOHNSTONE. FORD JONES, B. A.

A. R. TURNBULL, M.D., C.M.
Office in Bole's block, cor. Main and
River streets.

D. R. P. F. F. SIZE,
Surgeon Dentist.
Visits Moose Jaw for the practice of his
profession on the 15th and 20th day of each
month.
Satisfaction given both in workmanship
and prices.
N.B.—Where above dates fall on Sunday,
will visit the following Monday.

W. D. COWAN, D.D.S., D.D.S., Sur-
geon-Dentist, of Regina, (graduate
of the Dental College in the world),
visits Moose Jaw staying at the Dining Hall
on the first Monday and following Tuesday
of every month.

ALEXANDER BALL, late of St. James'
Church, Norland Square, England,
Organist St. John the Baptist Church is pre-
pared to take pupils for instruction on Piano
and Organ. Also lessons in Elocution and
Voice Production. Piano, vocal and Organ
lessons. For terms apply at the Vicarage
River St.

SEYMOUR GREEN, Conveyancer,
S. Ry. Sub-Receiver of Stock Branches,
Lessee Marriage Licenses; Government
Land Grants; Insurance; School Distribu-
tions; Longlot; Homestead entries made; Full
list of all lands open for entry in the Moose
Jaw District; Farms for sale with from 50 to
250 acres under cultivation, easy payments;
Lands put under the Real Property Act.
C. P. R. and Hudson Bay lands for sale.
Money to Loan.

NOTICE.

As I am giving up business in Moose Jaw
all parties indebted to me must call and
settle their accounts not later than Sept. 1st
after which I will place my books in solici-
tor's hands for collection. Repairs and job
work from this date done for Cash Only.

John Brass, - Main St.,
MOOSE JAW.

R. J. HOOD,
Manufacturer and
dealer in

BOOTS & SHOES.
Ordered work a specialty, all repairs
done thoroughly, neatly and promptly.
Prices low for CASH ONLY.
MAIN STREET, Moose Jaw.

Aberdeen
Barber Shop.

All Branches of Tonsorial Work
Executed in Capital Style.
Call and Experience it Your-
self.

J. McAlpine, - Prop.

I. O. F.
Court Moose Jaw,
No. 506, holds its
regular meeting in
Russell Hall, on the
last Tuesday in each
month, at 8 o'clock
p.m. Every member is requested to
attend.
Next regular meeting will be held on
Tuesday, August 28th.
C. D. J. Christie, C.R. H. F. Dreyer, R.S.

WHOLESALE

Wine, Liquor and
Cigar Store.

Only the finest brands of the
most world-renowned makers
in both imported and domestic
wines, liquors and beers kept
in stock.

WE KEEP NO INFERIOR GOODS.
Write or call for prices.
TERMS,—

SPOT CASH.
Octavius Field.

R. E. DORAN

WHY SEND YOUR MONEY OUT OF TOWN?

When we can give you—

BOOTS & SHOES

As good and as cheap for Cash.

We have still a few—

SIDE SADDLES

which we will sell at cost to clear
them out. Buy your harness
from us; all manufactured
from genuine oak leather; we
use nothing else.

R. E. DORAN.

I. M. CHALMERS

SEASONABLE GOODS FOR SUMMER

In each department the above is complete.

Our stock of **BOOTS AND SHOES** is second to none.
The growing tendency of our trade in this line is due direct to
the Manufacturers. Those who wear McPherson's shoe once
prefer no other: they are composed of excellent material, give
good service, fit well and give the foot an appearance of neatness.

FRUITS IN SEASON.

In our Grocery Department we have added a new line,
we purpose keeping all kinds of fruits in season. At present we
have St. Michael Oranges, Messina Lemons, Bananas 40 cents,
California Honey in Comb, Pie Plant, Cabbage, Etc.

I. M. Chalmers.

FURNITURE.

A SPLENDID LOT OF

Oak side boards, bedroom suits,
and secretaries now in stock,
also lounges, parlor suits, easy
chairs, dining chairs, springs,
cots, mattresses and all kinds
of staple and fancy goods. Un-
dertakers' supplies constantly
on hand.

JNO. BELLAMY.

REGINA LETTER.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE TERRI- TORIAL PARLIAMENT.

Chattel Mortgage Security Term Extended to Two Years—An Election Rum- or—Sad Drowning at the Capital—Davies' Return.

REGINA, Aug. 7.—The Assembly
has hardly yet settled down to work,
short sittings only being held. On
the opening day Mr. J. Clementson
of Whitefoot was introduced.

The following bills have been
read the first time:

Bill to provide for the taxation
of land in the Territories. (Mr.
Oliver).

Bill to amend Chapter 45 of the
Revised Ordinance. (Mr. Neff).

The following bills have been
read the first and second times:

Bill to further amend the Brand
Ordinance.

Bill to amend Ordinance No. 18
of 1889, respecting mortgages and
sales of personal property.

Mr. Haultain explained that the
object of the latter was to make it
so that chattel mortgages shall be
renewable every two years instead
of one as at present. This proposi-
tion was in the direction of the
practice in Manitoba where the
two years period had been found
to work satisfactorily.

Mr. Jelly inquired of the Execu-
tive—What were the duties of Dr.
Stewart when in the employ of the
North-West Government? How
long was he employed, and what
was the total expenditure in con-
nection with the appointment.

Mr. Haultain replied that Dr.
Stewart had been employed as
North-West Immigration Agent at
Toronto for a period of 100 days,
at \$11.00 a day; and that the total
expenditure had been \$1134.05.

Mr. Haultain laid on the table
all correspondence with the Dom-
inion Government re federal grants
and amendments to the North-West
Act.

Mr. Dill moved that an order of
the House do issue for a return
showing:

The amounts paid to schools
during the quarter ending June
30th, 1894:

1. On the Basis Grants.
2. On the Attendance Grants.
3. On the above Standard III
Grants.

Also a comparative return, show-
ing the salary paid to each teacher;
the amount of grant and under
what basis it was paid (1) in all
schools employing more than one
teacher in the Territories, (2) in all
schools in the North and Wolsley
districts.

A special committee consisting of
Speaker Ross and Messrs. Suther-
land, Mowat, Jelly, Davidson, Betts,
and Oliver, was appointed to in-
quire into the condition of agri-
culture throughout the Territories.

It is generally understood that
the election for members of the next
Assembly will be held about the
beginning of next year.

GENERAL NEWS.

The charming little daughters
of Mr. R. J. Tuning, of the
firm of Tuning & Hoskins, have
long formed a delightful, familiar,
and pleasing feature of Regina. Their
more than ordinary physical attrac-
tions, prettiness and winning ways,
as well as intelligence, their notice-
ably strong mental attachment, the
evidence they were of a proud, loving,
tasteful mother's care, endeared them
to all with whom they came in contact.
No wonder then that when the sad
intelligence was circulated on Friday
evening last that Miss Grace Tuning,
the eldest of the group, had met death
by drowning, profound regret and
sorrow was felt by everyone; a deep
gloom settled over the whole town, and
was more keenly realized the fact
that "in the midst of life we are in
death." Deceased was 15 years old
and was one of the most popular young
ladies in Regina. She, in company
with her brother George, who has just
returned from college in Toronto, were
out boating on the reservoir; they
rowed to a wharf opposite the jail, where
George got out to get a shot at some
birds, leaving her resting on the plank
landing. Returning a short time after
and not seeing her he concluded that

she had walked home about one mile
away; arriving home and not finding
her he ran back with his father to the
wharf and they discovered her hat
floating in the water. After some
fruitless diving the jail officials came
down with grappling irons. After
about half an hour's dragging the body
was found some twenty feet from the
end of the landing, at which point
the water is very deep. The parents,
who are well known and highly respect-
ed, are prostrated with grief and have
the sympathy of the whole community.
The funeral, which took place last
Sunday afternoon, was by far the
largest ever witnessed here.

Lieut. Governor Mackintosh is still
suffering from sciatica.

Mr. N. F. Davis, M. P., returned
from Ottawa on Saturday morning. He
was serenaded in the afternoon by the
town band at the Windsor Hotel, after
which he addressed a fairly large
meeting in the town hall. He spoke
for an hour and a half, giving an ac-
count of his stewardship and touching
only lightly on subjects likely to
provoke controversy. The chair was
occupied by Mr. James Bole. The
meeting was adjourned for two weeks,
when the subject matter of the petition
sent to the Dominion Government re
relief will be dealt with.

Polo pony races will be held here on
Saturday, the 11th, instant, at 2 p. m.
The following are the events: Quarter
mile flat race, postilion race, quarter
mile and return, quarter mile tandem
race, 220 yards and return, half mile
barrel race, cigar and umbrella race,
220 yards and return, needle and
thread race, over hurdles (ladies nom-
ination).

Mr. N. B. McInnis, of The Standard
office, had the misfortune Thursday to
get his right hand badly crushed in
the large steam press. It was feared
that he would lose his thumb, but the
doctors believe that it can be saved
now.

A company of South Sea Islanders,
fifty in number, gave an exhibition in
Regina on Monday. The Islanders are
the same that exhibited at the World's
Fair in Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Ferguson, Mr.
and Mrs. Baxter, Mrs. Sprague and
son John, are away, enjoying a couple
of weeks' camping at Qu'Appelle lakes.

The Hon. W. D. Preley, of Wolsley,
and P. Ferguson, of Indian Head, are
here in the interests of the Wolsley
and Fort Qu'Appelle R.R. It is
understood that their mission is to in-
fluence legislation in the direction of
amendments to certain Municipal
ordinances, which, as they now stand,
preclude business which the promoters
of the road are desirous of obtaining.

CAPITAL.

Pharmaceutical Association Meeting.

The Council of the Pharmaceutical
Association of the North-West Terri-
tories met in Moose Jaw on Tuesday
of this week and held a five hours'
business session in the town council
chambers. The members present were:

W. W. Bole, Moose Jaw, President
of the Association;
J. G. Templeton, Calgary, Vice
President;

W. G. Pettigrell, Regina, Registrar
Treasurer; and

Robt. Martin, Mayor of Regina.

By its constitution the council is
composed of five members, but the fifth
member, the late Mr. Brydon, of
Qu'Appelle, was removed several
months ago by death, and his successor
will not be chosen until the next
general election, which will be held on
the third Wednesday in March, 1895.

The Pharmaceutical Association of the
North West Territories was incor-
porated on January 25th, 1892, by
ordinance of the Legislative Assembly.
The first election of council was
conducted by the clerk of the Assembly
a few months later. A subsequent
election was held in March, 1893,
when the above officers were chosen.
The constitution provides that further
elections shall be held once every
two years.

"Historic Quebec."

A neatly printed little book descriptive of the
history of Quebec and its picturesque sur-
roundings has been received. The different
points of interest, its old and new, its ancient
city, its charming scenery, and there are
fine illustrations of Wolfe's monument on the
Plateau of Abraham, the Martello towers, the
new Chateau Frontenac, hotel on the famous
Barracks Terrace, the old Brevelock stairs,
Falls of Montmorency, etc., etc. "Historic
Quebec" is sent free on application to agents
of the Canadian Pacific Railway, or to the
manager of the Chateau Frontenac.

This cook every eve had a bean,
And the mistress commanded her
"Goon."

But the girl merely laughed
As if she were daunted,
And pleasantly answered "Neau."

MOOSE JAW'S PINKERTON.

Our Worthy Chief Shows the De- fective Instinct—A Warning to Poll Tax Delinquents.

On Monday afternoon Inspector
Langford laid information against one
Philip Chaney for non payment of poll
tax, and at 5:45 that party was served
with a summons to appear, at seven
o'clock before Seymour Green, J. P.,
and explain the why and wherefore.

Philip for some time past has been
officiating in the capacity of porter at
the Ottawa house. Being smitten with
an impression that Her Gracious
Majesty Queen Victoria did grievously
err when she decreed that all males of
the age of twenty-one years, not other-
wise taxed, should pay towards the
maintenance of government each and
every year the sum of two dollars; and
also taking a sudden distaste to the air
and environments of this godly place,
Philip made a mighty resolve that night
should not again undertake him within
Moose Jaw's precincts. He acted upon
the resolve with a promptitude that in
a good cause would have been com-
mendable. Express trains were too
slow for and not to the liking of
Philip. Armed with an abundant tie-
pass he started for the distant east.

In view of the foregoing proceedings,
it not unreasonably happened that when
Philip's name was called by the mag-
istrate at seven by the clock, Philip
was not present to answer. According-
ly a warrant was issued for the secur-
ing of his body (his living body pre-
ferred), and Insp. Langford sallied
forth upon execution bent. But the
main form of Philip was nowhere
visible. With a sagacity and prescience
that would be the making of the fortune
of the *Chronicle* man, could he but
cultivate it, the wily inspector speedily
learned the direction of Philip's de-
parture. He secured a horse and rig
and drove post haste to Pasqua, only
to learn that his quarry had distanced
him and was probably well on his road
to Pense. Mr. Langford thereupon
boarded the Atlantic express, and
finding on arrival at Pense that no
Philip had appeared, he was obliged to
wait for No. 2 to get back to Pas-
qua.

But how had fortune favored Philip?
Not well at all. He was overtaken
by darkness, presumably because his
deed was evil. His pass was unlimited,
and he was taking the full worth of it,
when, lo, an open covert yawned in
front of him, into which he fell and
was sorely wounded. The weight of
his wounds and a guilty conscience
dried up the marrow in his bones, he
lost confidence in his ability to proceed,
and with many a groan, he crawled
back to Pasqua, to seek shelter and a
false security in a secluded nook be-
neath the platform at that quiet station.

Our redoubtable constable's blood
was up. He had gone to much trouble
and lost a night's sleep, and within his
soul he vowed that he would secure his man,
dead or alive, or know the reason why.
So upon his second arrival at Pasqua
he made a careful scrutiny of the sta-
tion and without and was
finally rewarded by discovering the
fugitive in the aforementioned hiding-
place. When confronted with this
warrant Philip's eyes bulged out; he
hadn't imagined the magistrate was so
concerned about his presence at the
particular moment of seven o'clock; he
had a little business down the line,
which needed attention that evening,
and all in all he was a much surprised
man. He proposed an immediate
settlement and forth with handed over
to the inspector the sum of \$2.00 for
the poll tax, together with a further
sum of \$6.55 which represented costs
of collection.

Next day Philip probably continued
his journey, and in his leisure moments
he could make a mental calculation
that by different arrangements, with
no increase of expenditure, his poll
tax might have been paid for four
years, with still a balance of fifty five
cents with which to blow himself.
And every time he finishes thinking
out this problem he will betake him
into the railway ditch and kick himself.

Dairy Delagation.

A delagation from Regina, of gentlemen
interested in dairying in this town, today in-
specting the working of the Moose Jaw
creamery. Mr. D. Mowat, M.L.A., for
Boyd and David Wilson form the party.
The two latter gentlemen are farmers in the
Regina District. There is a movement on
foot to build and operate a creamery there.
These gentlemen yesterday visited Wolsley
and were shown Senator Peck's small
creamery. They came through direct from
Wolsley to Moose Jaw this morning.

Some men are born great, others
achieve greatness, and others have
great whiskers.

MOOSE JAW TIMES.

Friday, August 10, 1894.

C. P. R. FREIGHT RATES.

MEMORIAL FROM THE PATRONS OF INDUSTRY.

Considered by the Railway Committee of the Privy Council—Senator Boulton Failed to Bring Forth Specific Charges and Evidence in Support Thereof.

Following is a report of the proceedings before the railway committee of the privy council at Ottawa lately. The memorial of the Patrons of Industry, of Montreal, and the Northwest protesting against the freight rates of the C. P. R. was called. Mr. Bell wanted to go on first with a Waterloo case, which he said was trifling.

Clarke, C. C.—"Oh, this is a very trifling matter and won't take long. It was decided to go on with the memorial."

Davin, M. P. first addressed the committee in support of the memorial, claiming that rates were excessive. They wanted rates which were giving reason for remuneration to the P. R. It would also enable farmers to live.

Haggart—"I do not think we have the slightest power to fix rates."

Davin—"Seeing this is a line largely subsidized by parliament there ought to be some power here."

It was explained here that the statute conferred on the governor-in-council, not on the railway committee, the power to regulate railway tolls.

Senator Boulton explained that the memorial as received by him was addressed to the governor-in-council, but he had changed it to the railway committee of the privy council for more speedy action, as the crop would shortly be harvested and he desired a red-emption of five cents a bushel on grain between Winnipeg and Port Arthur.

Clarke, C. C. for the C. P. R. contended that there was no jurisdiction in the committee and the law was read from which it appeared the committee could hear complaints of tolls in excess of those the company were legally entitled to, which were not alleged, or of unjust preference or discrimination, which was alleged in the memorial. This is not the tribunal to try a charge that our rates are higher than they ought to be.

Boulton pleaded for, at least, a hearing; as it was a question connected with the good government of the country.

Haggart said they had determined to hold a departmental inquiry as to rates, and there would probably be a sitting of the council which had power to regulate rates up in the Northwest.

Boulton proceeded to speak and Clarke constantly objected to his making a speech about the condition of the farmers of the Northwest. This committee had come to do with that. Boulton was speaking for the newspapers. He should make a specific charge and support it with a case in point.

Haggart—"That is so. Confine your remarks, Senator Boulton, to the subject over which we have jurisdiction—discrimination or preference."

Boulton maintained that the C. P. R. by charging excessive rates to the few in the Canadian Northwest, and the lower rates on the traffic through the United States territory between St. Paul and the Soo, increased their dividends. If he had to give special cases and particularize, he would ask to be supplied with a railway expert.

Clarke—"A body of persons like the patrons is hardly the kind of aggregation to make a complaint of rates under the statute. An individual who had been unduly made to pay preferential rates should be the petitioner."

Boulton—"The patrons are the persons who pay the rates."

Some of Boulton's statements Clarke characterized as untrue.

Boulton said discriminations were so numerous it would take a day to describe them. The memorial set out some of them, for instance from New York to St. Paul, 1.400 miles, the C. P. R. freight rate was \$1.15; from Montreal to Winnipeg, 1,424 miles, \$2.00; second class, 90 cents through the United States and \$1.70 through Canada; third class, 77 cents and \$1.40; fourth class, 52 cents and \$1.30; fifth class, 44 and 89 cents. These were discriminations as between the Soo route and the North Shore route.

Clarke—"We cannot discuss that. We may make arrangements with other lines, but that is not discrimination."

Boulton proceeded to discuss the C. P. R. issue of debenture stock to acquire a line from St. Paul to the Soo through American territory, but Boulton asked what we had to do with it.

Shanahan, vice-president C. P. R., said we never issued a dollar of debenture stock to acquire securities of any American line.

Haggart—"The profits on earnings of the C. P. R. have nothing to do with it."

Clarke—"We object to having these things discussed for the benefit of Boulton or the newspapers or any one else."

After a good deal further discussion Boulton gave a specific instance of the rate on a car load of shingles from Vancouver to Russell, Manitoba, \$250, and the same car from Vancouver to Cobourg, Ont., cost only \$180, but it was in two different years and Clarke said, then the charge falls to the ground.

Haggart said the charge in the memorial that the rate from Montreal to Vancouver was \$1.38 per hundred less than from Portage la Prairie to Vancouver was a charge they could investigate and Clarke agreed and challenged Boulton to show it.

Boulton said he could if he had C. P. R. officials there as witnesses, but personally he knew nothing about the truth of allegations in the memorial.

Haggart—"Then you are not prepared to go on."

Boulton—"I am if you will inform me how to go on."

Daly wound up the discussion by pointing out that on July 20th in a letter to Boulton, the prime minister stated that the government would convene a meeting of a committee of the privy council in the Northwest in the autumn to enquire into these general statements and the government proposed to arrive at the fact by taking evidence on the spot.—Free Press.

Student—"Working at your essay?" Room mate—"Yes. Say, what do you do when you can't think of the word you want?" "I ask you."

THE SHIP IS LOST.

And All the Noble Crew of Sailors Who Went to Her Rescue.

The rate of insurance on the British ship Canadian Chief, has gone up to eighty-five per cent, which is equivalent to giving her up for lost. From news received at San Francisco of the vessel's wreck while bound for Coquimbo, it was thought that Capt. Thomas had remained by her and attempted to make port. This theory is being at last dispelled as the days go by and no news is brought of her. It is now feared that she and the gallant crew that went to her rescue from the Dee have gone to the bottom. The story as first received was that the ship had almost foundered in gale, and that some of her crew had been picked off the rigging by the sailors of the British ship. Among those who were saved were the captain's wife and child. The gallant boat's crew of the Dee went back for the rest. The last seen of the boat was when she had capsized and had been righted and was being carried towards the Canadian Chief, by the tide. The men on the lost ship were still clinging to the rigging looking in vain for help from the Dee. The rescuing boat had been moved but a short distance from the Dee when the heavy sea and violent winds capsized her. Every man got a grip on the keel and the boat was righted, but she was half filled with water. The oars were gone through, and the brave fellows, in the mercy of the elements and soon they were lost to view in the darkness of the night. The next day both boat and Canadian Chief had disappeared from view. The boats belonging to it had been wrecked and the crew had been washed overboard or smashed to pieces by the heavy sea. The only help the other. Only a miracle could save any of the sailors and it is feared the miracle never occurred.

TO STOP THE PLAGUE.

A New Year Celebration Held—Hope of Checking the Disease.

Several reports regarding the "plague" in China have been received by the marine hospital bureau. Secretary Denby, of the United States legation, says that at Canton a novel and thoroughly Chinese method of checking the disease was hit upon. A fortune teller having given out that the plague would die away with the approach of the spring solstice, the people of Canton, in order to deceive the gods of sickness, made the first day of the fourth moon, May 3th, their New Year's day. Every ceremony by which the day is celebrated was gone through with scrupulous exactitude. The local authorities assisted in this farcical performance. The New Year's festivities in the presence of such widespread misery had a somewhat ghastly character. Consul Seymour, writing from Canton, says everything continues in wild confusion. Business is almost suspended. He has been in nearly all parts of Canton during the plague and he would be no more than a guess that the plague, except where natives, in congested localities, cause pollution of the air by overcrowding and filth, and violation of sanitary conditions, for safety. During all of this plague the streets were so filthy that the people marched through the streets of Canton, throughout the night pounding gongs, exploding fire crackers, exposing idols and other similar things, supported by contributions from the shops and stores, to propitiate the evil spirits and to disperse the evil elements.

THE FIERY ELEMENTS.

Consume the N. P. Round House at Morris.

Near midnight a few days ago fire was discovered in the Northern Pacific round house at Morris and before anything could be done to stay the spread of the flames the fire was beyond control. The building was completely consumed in a very short time and the two locomotives stalled there were badly damaged, how badly cannot be told until they have been brought into Winnipeg for repairs, the building was a frame structure, valued at \$100,000, and as it was consumed very rapidly it is hoped that the loss will not be too great. The locomotives were on the Morris-Brandon branch, and as there are others to take their place no delay will be occasioned. Until accommodation is provided in Morris the engines will be run into Winnipeg.

THEY WERE DIVORCED

But Continued to Live Together as Man and Wife.

In the 35 La Salle street court at Chicago, the other morning, Jessie Williamson, a young and pretty woman, swore out a warrant for the arrest of Frank Williamson on the charge of adultery. In making out the warrant Clerk Sinnett was struck by the similarity of names, and he questioned the young woman who told him that the defendant was once her husband, but they had been divorced, and meeting again, had resumed their former relations. He now refused to marry her to save her from disgrace. Three years ago they were married and for a time lived happily together. Then they began to quarrel and the result was a separation. Frank, who is said to be wealthy, went west, but Jessie followed and secured a divorce in Dakota on the ground of desertion. After the decree had been granted Williamson went back to Chicago, but he had not been there long when Jessie followed him and they kept house at 1,536 33rd court. Detective arrested Williamson later in the morning and took him before Justice Wallace, who granted the divorce and discharged him and gave him a chance to marry her, but the justice held him in bonds of \$700 and he was locked up.

Debs' trial has been adjourned to September 6th.

ACROSS THE WATERS.

THE OLD WORLD TO BE FOUND IN A NUTSHELL.

Newly Items for Those Who Are Interested in the Older Countries—Short Paragraphs That Will Profitably Occupy the Time of Many.

The Sultan of Morocco has arrested his brother.

The steamer City of Peking is ashore in Japan.

A large unknown steamer sunk off the French coast.

The steamer City of Peking has been floated undamaged.

Macedonia and Bulgaria have been shaken by earthquakes.

Floods cause great damage to crops and loss of life in western India.

A British bark has been lost in the Pacific ocean with all on board.

Zimmerman carried off all prizes for which he competed in bicycle races in Paris on a recent Sunday.

It is authoritatively stated that the recent investigation into the affairs of the Catholic church in America has resulted favorably to Satelli.

The Italian loss in the recent battle with the Mahdists at Kassala, was thirty killed and thirty wounded. The tribesmen are submitting to the Italians.

A bomb was exploded near the British embassy in Rome. Nobody was hurt. Wholesale arrests of anarchists are being made in the city and the provinces.

Deputies Clemenceau and Deschanel fought a duel with swords at Paris recently. Clemenceau pierced the cheek of his antagonist, and the wound is painful.

The London Standard's Constantinople correspondent says: "It has been conclusively established that more than 1,000 persons were killed by the recent earthquakes."

A special dispatch to the Vossische Zeitung says a steamer has been sunk off Stertanak, in the Province of Oofa, Russia, and that one hundred persons were drowned.

There is no truth in the story that a serious accident has occurred to Otto Lilienthal, the famous "flying man," whose development of the flying machine with birds as his model, has been watched with interest the world over.

The announcement made last week that Mr. L. van Koughnet, ex-superintendent of Indian affairs, had died in England was a mistake. Calcutta, reaches Toronto lately from Van Koughnet, stating that he is still alive.

Four cases of cholera and three deaths have been reported in Adrianople. An order has been issued against trains stopping within ten miles of Constantinople. A five days quarantine has been declared against all vessels arriving from European ports.

Princess Enlille stated lately that the report that she was not on the best of terms with her relatives was false. The surroundings of the Princess are in the highest degree suggestive of wealth and flattery contradict the report that she is in straitened circumstances.

The cholera epidemic in St. Petersburg is rapidly spreading and by extremely hot weather. The disease has broken out in the military camp at Krasnoe, some eighteen miles south of St. Petersburg. There are 1,000 patients, mostly factory hands and boatmen, in the hospitals in the city. The new cases average 200 daily and the deaths 100.

There is no cause for alarm. This Wellman scare is part of the program. Those behind the scenes know how these things are worked. Wellman was sent by a Chicago paper to find the North Pole. He started out several weeks ago. Interest in the journey was beginning to flag, and so the wily newspaper man gave up an alarm that Wellman has been lost. Then he issued a signed press dispatch to the effect that Wellman is all right. The whole scheme is a variation of the actress and her stolen diamonds. The newspaper man is content. His object has been achieved.—Toronto World.

LOST AN ARM.

A New York Woman Too Familiar With a Bear at the Zoo.

Mrs. Annie Fries, of 1300 Sansom street, Philadelphia, had her right arm amputated lately, as a result of patting one of the bears at the Zoological garden. Mrs. Fries, with her mother and sister, went to the Zoo and passed the afternoon in viewing with interest the various forms of animal life there. After feeding the monkeys and jesting with the seals, their steps, unfortunately, strayed towards the bear pit. At first the party tried to reach the members of the pit, but finally determined to look at the bears from a nearer point of view. They descended the steps to the lower ground and found themselves directly back of the bear pit, separated from the animals by only a few iron bars and a semi-circular guard rail. Even the proximity did not satisfy Mrs. Fries, she accordingly climbed over the railing and began to pat one of the bears upon the head. The animal seemed to relish the operation and Mrs. Fries, turning to her sister-in-law, said: "Come over here and see how soft he is." The animal evidently resented this slur upon his character, for he shut his jaws upon the caressing arm and held on like grim death. The agonizing cries of Mrs. Fries and the shrieks of her frightened companions speedily brought two of the keepers to the spot, but they were unable to pry open the bear's jaws, and were forced to drag out the arm by main force. Mrs. Fries, half faint from fright and loss of blood, was taken to her carriage and driven as quickly as possible to the Jefferson Medical College hospital, where it was deemed necessary to amputate the arm at the elbow.

F. G. Arnold, a brakeman on the west bound Great Northern freight, in charge of Conductor Moriarty, was run over and killed by his train while between Barnsville and Moorhead. Both his legs were cut off close to the body and the unfortunate man was dead when found. His remains were taken to Barnsville. He was popular among the railroad men and highly respected.

GREAT WEST ENTERPRISE.

The Reinsurance of the Dominion Safety Business by the Great West of Winnipeg.

A few weeks ago the Sun called attention to the reinsurance of the business of the Dominion Safety Fund Life Assurance company of Winnipeg. A notice has since been issued to the policy holders, explaining that this course, the directors had decided after careful consideration, was necessary in the interests of the policy holders, and that while every interest of the policy holders would be preserved in violation there would be no re-medical examination required, and no expense or extra cost would be incurred by the change, and at the same time the policy holders would have the option of continuing on the same plan or of choosing any other plan preferred at the regular printed rates of the Great West, which are as low as those of any other company.

The Great West Life has started business throughout the maritime provinces and established a branch office in this city with the following well-known, prominent and representative citizens as its board of directors, viz.: George A. Schofield, manager Bank of New Brunswick; G. Wetmore Merritt, of Messrs. Merritt Bros. & Co.; Thos. Walker, M. D. J. de Wolf. The company is financially one of the strongest in the country, claiming a larger proportion of assets to liabilities than any other, and having a paid up capital stock of the same amount as the Equitable of New York, the largest insurance company in the continent. The standing of the company among insurers is shown by the fact that while only in business since August 18, 1892, it has already a business in force of over four million dollars (\$4,000,000) a result said to have never before been attained in Canada or elsewhere by any life insurance company.

A strong board of directors has been established in Nova Scotia, Prince Edward Island, Ontario and British Columbia, and there is no doubt this vigorous western institution will make its way throughout the Dominion.—The Daily Sun, St. John, N. B., July 21, 1894.

SAD INTELLIGENCE.

A Pleasure Party Has a Mournful Ending in the Drowning of Two Men.

At 3 o'clock the other morning Judge Taylor, of St. Paul, on the police court, received a dispatch from County Attorney Pierce Butler, dated at Port Arthur, Canada, stating that Charles Dana, chief deputy sheriff of Ramsey county, and his brother-in-law, Maurice Lither, were drowned the previous afternoon while sailing on Lake Superior, off the Keweenaw County Attorney Butler, Charles Dana, and Mr. Lither, left St. Paul over a week ago for a fishing trip on Lake Superior, and had not been heard from until Mr. Butler's telegram was received. Mr. Butler stated further that the bodies had not been recovered, and that he will return to St. Paul at once. Charles Dana is well and favorably known in St. Paul, having lived there about fifteen years. He was appointed sheriff of Ramsey county and held the office until he was thirty-seven years old and resided with his wife and two children at No. 744 Iglehart street. F. Maurice Lither, who was drowned with Dana is a brother of Dana's wife, and employed as a clerk in the office of the city controller. He boarded at 528 Laurel avenue. He was a young man of sterling qualities, well-known in St. Paul. His parents resided at Hamline.

Dear Sirs,—I have been using Burdock Blood Bitters for bo and skin diseases, and I find it very good as a cure. As a dyspepsia cure I have also found it unequalled. Mrs. Sarah Hamilton, Montreal, Que.

Fun gives you a forcible hug and shakes laughter out of you, whether you will or not.

Skin diseases are more or less directly occasioned by bad blood. B.B.B. cures the following Skin Diseases: Shingles, Erysipelas, Itching Rashes, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Eruptions, Pimples, Boils, Blotches, by removing all impurities from a common Pimple to the worst Scrofulous Sore.

So should we live that every hour may die as does the natural flower, a self-reviving thing of power.

I was attacked severely last winter with diarrhoea, cramps and colic and thought I was going to die, but fortunately I tried Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry, and now I thank this excellent remedy for saving my life. Mrs. S. Kellett, Minden, Ont.

Each man learns that going down into his own mind lies the descent into the secrets of all minds.

Dear Sirs,—I was suffering very much from diarrhoea and could get nothing to cure me. A friend told me of Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry, and a few doses completely cured me. Thos. L. Graham, Melita, Man.

Esteem cannot be where there is no confidence; and there can be no confidence where there is no respect.

Gentlemen,—I have used your Yellow Oil and have found it unequalled for burns, sprains, scalds, rheumatism, croup and colds. All who use it recommend it. Mrs. Night, Montreal, Que.

What now is the most important attribute of man as a moral being? May we not answer, the faculty of self-control.

Dr. Low's Worm Syrup cures and removes worms of all kinds in children or adults. Price 35c. Sold by all druggists.

Visitor—How did you happen to name your dog Pantry, Jimmy? Jimmy—Cause papa says he holds so much food.

Rebecca Wilkinson, of Brownsville, Ind., says: I had been in a distressed condition for three years from Nervousness, Weakness of the Stomach, Dyspepsia and Indigestion until my health was gone. I bought one bottle of South American Nerve, which did me more good than any \$5 worth of doctoring I ever did in my life. I would advise every weakly person to use this valuable and lovely remedy. I consider it the greatest medicine in the world. A trial bottle will convince you. Warrental by all druggists.

W. C. MACDONALD, Actuary, Toronto.

SEE THE Unconditional New Accumulative Policy ISSUED BY THE

CONFEDERATION LIFE ASSOCIATION

W. C. MACDONALD, Actuary, Toronto.

It is a simple promise to pay the sum insured, in the event of death. It is absolutely free from all restrictions as to residence, travel and occupation. It is entirely void of all conditions save the payment of premium. It provides for the payment of the claim immediately upon proof of death. It is absolutely and automatically non-forfeitable after two years.

C. E. KERR, Cashier, Winnipeg.

SUPREMELY SELFISH.

U. S. LEGISLATION TO EXCLUDE FOREIGNERS.

No Canadian to be Permitted to Labor in Any Capacity Unless They Have Resided Six Months in the Country—They Cannot Enter the U. S. Without \$75.

The sub committee of the U. S. house on immigration and naturalization having charge of the bill of Mr. Lockwood, of New York, for the necessary and better protection of American labor and enforcement of the law of domicile recently reported it to the full committee favorably. The bill forbids entrance into the United States of subjects of the Dominion of Canada or Mexico, whose purpose is to perform labor service of any kind and makes violations of this provision punishable by a fine of \$400 or imprisonment for ninety days. It also makes it unlawful for any master or owner of any American vessel, plying on the great lakes the inland lakes or rivers, located in whole or in part within the United States, to knowingly employ on their vessels any sailor, deck-hand or laborer who is not a citizen of the United States for at least six months prior to his working. All aliens coming to the United States to perform labor service of any kind are to be examined at the port of entry and if they do not possess \$75 they are not to be permitted to land; and all alien miners are requested to possess \$50 before they can land. The full committee discussed the bill briefly, but reached no agreement.

TOWNS ARE WIPE OUT.

Mountain Fires Spread to Three Forks and Watson.

Reports from the Sloan country just received state that the forest fires which have been raging for the past fortnight in that region were fanned to uncontrollable fury by the heavy gale a few days ago, and swept eastward from New Denver. The towns of Three Forks and Watson were completely destroyed, not a single building being left. The losses cannot yet be estimated, but will reach into large figures. The Galena Trading company and Lemmon's store at Three Forks saved nothing, even the books being burned. Geo. V. Hughes, the well known mine owner, losses about \$20,000, all his horses, wagons, stables, etc., being burned up. As far as known from the meagre details received, there has been no loss of life but very many miraculous escapes. The inhabitants of Watson were saved by taking refuge in a tunnel.

A large steamer is reported to have sunk off Brest, France. No particulars have been received as to the name or nationality of the boat, but is feared that the unknown has gone down with all on board.

FREE BOOKS AND PICTURES.

25 ROYAL CROWN SOAP WRAPPERS

Sent to the Royal Crown Soap Co., Winnipeg, Man., gives you your choice of a large list of excellent BOOKS, all standard authors.

The Modern Home Cook Book.

Or Ladies' Fancy Work Book.

Or your choice of six original NEW AND BEAUTIFUL PICTURES.

FOR 100 ROYAL CROWN SOAP WRAPPERS

Elegant Cloth Bound Books.

(Standard Authors.)

None but Royal Crown Soap Wrappers received sent for list of Books and Pictures; mailed free on application.

ROYAL CROWN SOAP CO., WINNIPEG, MANITOBA.

Sun Insurance Office, FIRE.

Quebec Fire Assurance Company.

London and Lancashire Life Ins. Co.

British and Foreign Marine Ins. Co.

Lloyd's Plate Glass Insurance Company

W. H. ALLAN, General Agent, Winnipeg.

SPOTS AND BLEMISHES, CAUSED BY BAD BLOOD, CURED BY B.B.B.

Each man learns that going down into his own mind lies the descent into the secrets of all minds.

Dear Sirs,—I was suffering very much from diarrhoea and could get nothing to cure me. A friend told me of Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry, and a few doses completely cured me. Thos. L. Graham, Melita, Man.

Esteem cannot be where there is no confidence; and there can be no confidence where there is no respect.

Gentlemen,—I have used your Yellow Oil and have found it unequalled for burns, sprains, scalds, rheumatism, croup and colds. All who use it recommend it. Mrs. Night, Montreal, Que.

What now is the most important attribute of man as a moral being? May we not answer, the faculty of self-control.

Dr. Low's Worm Syrup cures and removes worms of all kinds in children or adults. Price 35c. Sold by all druggists.

W. C. MACDONALD, Actuary, Toronto.

SEE THE Unconditional New Accumulative Policy ISSUED BY THE

CONFEDERATION LIFE ASSOCIATION

W. C. MACDONALD, Actuary, Toronto.

It is a simple promise to pay the sum insured, in the event of death. It is absolutely free from all restrictions as to residence, travel and occupation. It is entirely void of all conditions save the payment of premium. It provides for the payment of the claim immediately upon proof of death. It is absolutely and automatically non-forfeitable after two years.

C. E. KERR, Cashier, Winnipeg.

D'FOWLER'S EXT. OF WILD STRAWBERRY CURES COLIC CHOLERA CHOLERA-MORBUS DIARRHOEA DYSENTERY AND ALL SUMMER COMPLAINTS OF CHILDREN & ADULTS Price 35cts BEWARE OF IMITATIONS

1,000 Bright Eyed Girls Wanted to have their breath sweetened and teeth cleaned chewing BAYANA SWEET GUM.

THEY ARE PLEASANT TO TAKE YET POWERFUL TO CURE

BEJAY'S LIVER LOZENGES. 25 CENTS A BOX. They do not nauseate or rack and weaken the system like pills and other purgatives, but they tone up the liver and stomach, and give them sufficient strength to do their work naturally and well. They cure Constipation, Indigestion, Headache, Bilelessness, Pimples, Skin-eruptions and all diseases arising from impure blood, or sluggish liver. Ask Your Druggist For Them.

Ask Your Grocer For It

BLACKWOODS TABLE SAUCE

Roast Meat, Steaks, Cutlets, Chops, Fish, Curries, Gravies, Game & Soup.

BLACKWOOD BROS. WINNIPEG, CANADA.

GOLDEN SEAL CREAM BAKING POWDER

MANUFACTURED BY WILLIAMS & HILTON WINNIPEG, MAN.

Put up in 8 and 16 oz. tins. Guaranteed pure, wholesome, and inferior to none. Sample tin, 16 oz., mailed on receipt of 25 cents.


HOPE & CO. MANUFACTURERS OF TENTS, AWNINGS, FLAGS, ETC., ETC. MATTRESSES AND W. W. SPRINGS.

SHIRTS AND OVERALLS A SPECIALTY 20 YEARS EXPERIENCE. PRICES RIGHT. STANDARD GOODS. Orders by mail promptly attended to.

Box 306, Winnipeg. EMERSON & HAQUE, Proprietors. FACTORY—157 Thistle St.

CALL IN WHEN YOU ARE IN TOWN.

J. LA LONDE PATENTED AUGUST 20th, 1890



B.B.B.

<

FEELINGS OF MEN RELEASED FROM
LONG IMPRISONMENT.

the loss of the high-type, old-time beautiful clothes, the old silks, satins, laces

ministering spirits (Heb. 1: 14) and care
for the children of God. Let the stories
of the angels and Elijah and Abraham

Every safe manufacturer has attached to his force expert locksmiths, whose duties consist in opening safes which have gotten

ing retains in whatever he does the
hell of the barracks. The weak girl pre-
sents the smell of manassas. —Nyn Crinkle.

When the devil fishes he knows there is no time lost by being careful about his bait.

ing signs of utter wretchedness. This monarch is a short, fat person with one eye.

THE TIMES

Published Every Friday.

Grayson Block, Main Street.
Moose Jaw, N. W. T.

WALTER SCOTT, Editor and Proprietor.
Subscription, \$1.50 per year.
Schedule of Advertising Rates on Application.

Advertisements of Wants, To Let, Lost Found, etc., when under 1 inch, will be inserted for 5c; subsequent insertions 25c each.
All transient advertisements, such as By-laws, Mortgage and Sheriff Sales, Assignments, and also Government and Corporation notices, inserted once for 10c per line; subsequent insertions 5c—solid nonpareil measurement.

JOB PRINTING

Our job department is equipped with every appliance necessary for turning out first-class work at shortest notice. Prices moderate.

The Moose Jaw Times.

"And what is it, worth,
Would it were worthier?"—Byron.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 10, 1894.

It is ungracious to charge that a man does good deeds merely for effect, if he does them with effect.

According to his announcement our friend of The Transcript is bound to make his paper the best weekly in Manitoba. Our Territorial contemporaries accordingly need not be alarmed.

The first Monday in September is now a legal holiday—Labor day. Wouldn't that be an appropriate day on which to hold the C.P.R. employees' picnic?

"We have incomparably the better plant," boasts The Chronicle, and between the lines we read that "we are the people, we are a Sachem, we are the Great Mogul." Well, as the colored evangelist quoted, "self praise is no condemnation," yet would we whisper to our contemporary that a spirit of humility is very becoming to the insignificantly meritorious.

Many people do not know how easily they can protect themselves and their children against the bites of insects. Weak carbolic acid sponged on the skin and hair, and in some cases the clothing, will drive away the whole tribe. The safest plan is to keep a saturated solution of the acid. This solution cannot contain more than 5 or 7 per cent, and it may be added to water until the latter smells strongly. This may readily and with perfect safety be applied with a sponge.

Westminster Abbey is a personal name that has caused no end of comment, though its owner came to it naturally enough. His father was a lawyer up at Albany, N.Y., and when the boy was born the parents agreed that he, too, should be a lawyer. By way of giving him a fair start the father decided that he should have a distinguished name, and so the boy was baptised Westminster. He now has a grocery, and runs in connection with it a curious collection of junk.

The Regina Turf Club Company opened a hornet's nest by their action in reference to bicyclist Wrigley of Lethbridge, whom they suspended from racing on Association tracks for two years for alleged crookedness. Mr. Wrigley is after them with a hot stick, and has apparently good ground to work on. All the bicyclists who started with him in the race that he was accused of "throwing," are prepared to state that from his position in six inches of track scrapings, he had no chance to win.

Robert S. Davies of The Philadelphia Call gives the following advice to newspaper men: "Publish a newspaper of good moral tone, as pure as you desire the hearts of your own household to be. Leave politics and religion alone. They are in-born—argument will not change them; discussion will not convince, but irritate. Nobody will long read a newspaper that assigns all political virtue to one party, and all religion to one sect. Such newspapers are organs, and live by party patronage—another name for public theft. Do not steal or lie. No lasting success can be obtained by either. Be yourself independent, honest, moral and truthful, and make your paper the same. This means public respect and attention; respect and attention bring circulation, and circulation bring advertising. Circulation and advertising mean success, and plenty of it."

The Brandon Mail, which is Conservative, past, present, and future, say that any man who believes that either Canadian political party is perfect, is an ass of the first water.

The Chronicle discourses so persistently about "sores," "bad heads," "sour stomachs" and "internal workings," that its readers have concluded that it is having a really tough time with all of them, and a change of air will in all probability shortly be prescribed.

The Winnipeg Commercial has issued a "Panoramic Supplement" giving a write up and profuse illustrations of the entire country from Port Arthur to Victoria. It is the most complete and artistic production of the kind that has been issued in Canada, and would be a fitting adornment for any library or drawing-room table.

For very shame's sake it would be thought that The Chronicle would let rest that "discreditable conversation," which caught our cotem. in a falsehood. Certainly Mr. Macdonald did not tell us to publish the fact he put us in possession of. When the governor of North Carolina said to the governor of South Carolina, "it is a long time between drinks," the statement was not made for publication. But no confidence was broken when the remark was made public.

"What particular benefit would accrue to mankind," says the Hamilton Herald, if somebody should succeed in tracking the North Pole to its fair and catching it in a steel trap? It cannot be used for kindling wood or beefsteak or baking powder, it will not bring balm to the broken heart of the widow or a new dress and tan colored shoes to the lovely but penniless orphan. It would no doubt be a nice and satisfactory thing to know that the North Pole is a north pole and not a newspaper, but we have an idea that a newspaper will do humanity more good in the long run than all the north poles between here and the New Jerusalem."

Fevers which every autumn lay low a considerable percentage of the population of several towns in the Territories, are conspicuous in Moose Jaw only by the immunity from them which our people enjoy. Pure water and clean streets and yards are associations not conducive to the spread of fevers. Constant vigilance is the price of pure yards. A fancied security is no safeguard. Let every householder be certain that his yard is as it ought to be. To settlers who are not convinced that the water they are obliged to use is uncontaminated, we would say, Boil it! Good boiling will render even impure water innocuous.

Mrs. Jenness Miller has been exhibiting her "rational dress" dude at Ashbury Park and some of the elite were shocked at discovering Jenness' pretty ankles plainly visible below the drapery. "Ladies," said the dress reform apostle, "don't get ready to faint. You go to the beach in your bathing suits, and you do not hesitate to expose your legs (sensation) to the multitudes on the broad walks, yet you affect to be shocked when a lady appears on the street in a gown that exposes her ankles. Is this modesty? And it is said that the men present applauded heartily while blushes of the women raised the temperature of the hall several degrees."—Hamilton Times.

The sloughs are dry, water in the lakes and streams is low, and it may be that the "quack, quack" of the duck will sound less loudly this autumn than of yore. But in its place, we have in prospect a much sweeter sound, vulgarly translated into English as "snack, snack." The Hamilton Spectator says, "Pretty soon Mr. Laurier will start on his kissing tour throughout the North-West. In his triumphal progress throughout Ontario last year Mr. Laurier established the Canadian record as a kisser, and it has not yet been broken. It is said he is now in training, and that he hopes to eclipse his Ontario record. There are good times ahead for the girls of Manitoba and the North-West."

Success in Life

depends on little things. A Ripans Tabule is a little thing, but taking one occasionally gives good digestion, and that means good blood, and that means good brain and brawn, and that means success.

DEPUTY CLERK AND SHERIFF WANTED HERE.

Now that the Legislative Assembly is in session, we deem it a fitting time to add our voice to that of The Chronicle in urging upon the powers that be our need of the appointment of a Deputy Clerk of Court and a Deputy Sheriff for the District of Moose Jaw. By Ordinance No. 10 of 1891-92, deputies were constituted in the Districts of Battleford, Medicine Hat and Edmonton. Battleford being far removed from a railway, might possibly, for that reason, have stronger claim, but Medicine Hat and Edmonton were certainly no more entitled to these deputies than is Moose Jaw.

To make clear the benefit that would accrue from such appointments, we will suppose a case: A sues B for \$300.00. B is unable to realize the amount at the time. Judgment is entered against B, before which, under present procedure, the writ being made returnable within three miles of Clerk's office at Regina, plaintiff's solicitor has to appoint an agent at Regina, at whose office defence, if any, must be entered, then plaintiff's solicitor must go to Regina to enter judgment, or pay agent to enter on his behalf and to issue execution. Then the Sheriff comes from Regina—charging mileage therefrom—to seize B's goods, and the whole procedure runs up costs to about \$50.00. Under the present depression it may easily be supposed that in some cases B's goods may not realize the sum of costs, and the debt sued for will remain unsatisfied. Now should the powers for procedure be conferred on deputies, an amount of \$15.00—in place of \$50.00—would cover costs of the suit.

We will also cite an actual case. Two weeks ago a man was sued for \$60.00. The money was promptly forwarded to the Regina law firm who served the writ, and what were the costs? Seven dollars. The lawyers pocketed a fee of \$1.00 for collecting \$60.00. As the fee was taxed by the Judge it was of course all right, but the point we wish to make is, that if we had the deputies, a Moose Jaw lawyer would have secured the \$40.00 and the money would have circulated in Moose Jaw.

At present all the foreign companies doing business in the Territories have solicitors at Regina, and none at Moose Jaw. Had we a deputy's office it is reasonable to suppose that the companies' law business in this district would be handled by Moose Jaw solicitors.

The powers conferred upon the deputies in the districts we have mentioned, are in nearly all proceedings the powers conferred on Clerks and Sheriffs. They have the right to make writs returnable within three miles from the deputy clerk's office and to enter judgment in undefended cases. This is the claim which Moose Jaw now presents, and we hope the Assembly will at the present session take cognizance of it.

TEACH IT TO THE CHILDREN.

Canadian school children should be made thoroughly acquainted with all that pertains to a full knowledge of their own country. They should be made to sympathize with the trials of the early settler. They should be taught to respect the heroic qualities of the men who fell fighting on the Plains of Abraham. They should learn to venerate the memory of the brave defenders of the soil of Canada, whether at Chateaugay or Lundy's Lane. They should be taught to appreciate the importance of the political contests, that brought to all the Canadian provinces the advantages of responsible government, and the confederation of the provinces now comprising the Dominion of Canada; the extent and national value of our great industries, agriculture, lumbering, mining, manufacturing, fishing, etc.; the importance of our trade with our blood relations,—Great Britain, the United States and our sister colonies; the form of government under which we rule ourselves, whether in the Dominion Parliament, the Provincial Legislature or the Municipal Council. At the same time the public school pupil should have his attention turned in an especial manner to those countries and peoples who are comprised within the British Empire and whose possessions and resources and populations go to make up the grandest combination of political, commercial and social forces that ever

existed on the face of the globe. There is here along the material for a most delightful study. If the teacher has a sufficient acquaintance with the history of the Empire, its glorious struggles for existence (as in the Napoleonic Wars when practically, all the nations of the earth were for a time combined against her), the great naval and military battles, when British generals and admirals, soldiers and mariners, won deathless fame,—the Conquest of India, the suppression of the Indian Rebellion, the Settlement of Australia, etc., etc.,—to describe in his own graphic terms the grand national achievements, he can do much to arouse enthusiasm in his pupils for the study of British history, and to assure them that they are citizens of no mean country, and that in resolving to maintain, at all hazards, the connection with Great Britain, Canada is acting not only with gratitude, but worldly wisdom.—Star.

PASSPORT REGULATIONS.

An order of His Excellency the Governor-General respecting passports, says that—

"Applications for passports must be made in writing and enclosed in cover addressed to the Honorable the Secretary of State, Ottawa, Canada; the charge for a passport is \$1.00—postage stamps will not be accepted in payment; passports are only granted to British subjects, who may be identified by any mayor, magistrate, clergyman, doctor or lawyer; to enter Belgium, France, Holland, Italy, Denmark, Sweden and Norway, passports are not required, yet to have one is a convenience."

We copy the foregoing rules for the benefit of The Chronicle. It has a record for "pulling up stakes" at the approach of hard times. That hard times have now not only approached, but actually invaded the sanctity of its sanctum, we gather from the fact that it finds it necessary in order to "fill its columns"—on which point it was found questioning The Times' method a short time ago—to insert a varied collection of dead adverts, half-rate adverts, and adverts put in to square past due accounts.

Issue another appeal, anyway, friend Chronicle. If that don't fetch 'em we're afraid you'll be after having to apply for a passport; in which case we recommend you to give Russia a trial. It is there that your steadfast "predilections for parties in power" would stand you in good stead, and in that country no pestiferous independent paper would be long allowed to remain in "competition" against you.

AND THOU, TOO, BRUTUS!

It is a disappointing surprise to see that the Moose Jaw Spectator undertakes to lecture the farmers of the Moose Jaw and Regina districts for having in a case of urgent need, asked aid from Ottawa. While the reproach is evidently more especially aimed at Regina, the settlers of Regina and Moose Jaw are now in boats of such similarity that what is said of one applies with equal force to the other.

A portion of The Spectator's article deals with the "continued running to Ottawa for petty favors"—for a jail, a court house or a post office. The argument against this kind of thing is well and good in its place, but a very inopportune time has been chosen for the tirade, and if The Spectator is sincere in its "desire to do nothing that might by any possible chance result in the least harm to the cause of these unfortunate people," it will at once endeavor to emphasize the distinction between the begging for petty favors, and the needs of the dozens of families who will have not a grain of wheat to sell or to eat, and who are absolutely without means for procuring necessities of maintenance during an approaching winter.

The Spectator says "the farmers and citizens of the North-West are not lacking in generosity and while none of them are overburdened with this world's goods we guarantee they will not stand idly by and see their neighbors starve." As we have tried to make clear in former articles, those of our settlers who do not actually need assistance, are yet in such a strait that the utmost they may hope to accomplish is to pay their own way for the next six months; they will be positively unable to assist the less fortunate ones. Our merchants, too, have reached a pass, when to continue giving credit means their own certain bankruptcy. Even the wholesalers, for their legitimate protection, are obliged to restrict their customers to a cash basis for retail selling.

We quote—
"The Spectator does not wish to be misunderstood. We are not deprecating legitimate assistance to the North-West. On

the contrary we have been a strong advocate for that assistance, but we believe that it should be given, not as alms, nor as a bribe, not in such a manner as will bring merely temporary benefit, but in the direction of greater freedom in matters of trade and in matters of education; in the direction of freeing us from grinding monopolies, whether in business, transportation or otherwise; in the granting of our financial rights, the greatest of which is an adequate provincial subsidy; in attracting people and capital to develop our latent resources and without which the country will languish or at least grow very slowly, and in other directions where the advantages will be of a real and permanent nature."

With empty granaries, cellars, pantries and stomachs, settlers will surely accept this exceedingly cheerful advice. What matters a few months' hunger, if by agitation we may in a few years time secure greater freedom in trade and education, freedom from grinding monopolies? What matters it that our children starve, if thereby we may secure an adequate provincial subsidy. A few samples of settlers martyred by starvation will be certain to induce people with capital to come and develop our latent resources! The above paragraph from The Spectator would also be well and good in its place, and THE TIMES has been voicing the same sentiment, but that will not relieve immediate want. No agitation will secure to us a provincial subsidy this year.

Our settlers have not asked for alms nor for a bribe. By a memorial of a county association of Patrons—not by a petition handed about the country as our contemporary states—the Ottawa government is asked to spend money in useful public works—to build a dam over the Moose Jaw river, to make roads, and to sink reservoirs which in some localities are necessary for extensive dairying and stock-raising. The advantages of these works have already been pointed out, and had The Spectator carefully read our former articles, it would never have mentioned the word "alms" in this connection.

The Spectator is usually essentially practical, and we will make to it a practical proposition. It believes that the more fortunate settlers are capable of sustaining themselves and their neighbors. Now Moose Jaw boasts of a very fair crop this season. Will The Spectator say that the District of Moose Jaw is prepared to let Mr. Neff hand to our member Mr. Ross, Moose Jaw's share of this year's District Veto. That would cut a very small figure in the case, but it would go far to prove that The Spectator published its article in sincerity.

R. Bogue,
Hardware, ~

~ Tinware,
Groceries,
Flour and Feed,
Dry Goods, Ready made
Clothing, Boots and
Shoes.

BARGAINS

In Crockery and Glassware, Lorraine's Spectacles & Sewing Machines.

Special low Prices for Cash.
R. BOGUE.

James Brass

BRICK MANUFACTURER.

Makes the only Red Brick in

the Territories.

Manitoba Street. Moose Jaw

Ottawa Hotel.

Elaborately fitted up with latest improvements. Lighted throughout with electric light. Billiard hall and commercial rooms in connection. Every accommodation for the travelling public.

Choice Liquors and Cigars.

R. H. W. HOLT,
PROPRIETOR.

H. McDougall

DEALER IN
LUMBER

—AND—
BUILDING MATERIAL.

Cedar Posts.
for Fencing.

TRY
The New Confectionery

**Fruits,
Ice Cream**

—AND—
all kinds of
soft drinks.

HARRY HEALEY.

**IMPORTED HACKNEY
STALLION**

Moreland, No. 4,420.

IMPORTED MARCH, 1894.

MORELAND, 4,420. Foaled 1890. Is a purebred Hackney and registered in the English Hackney Stud Book. Color bay with black points. Stands 15 hands 3 inches high and weighs 1,250 lbs. Is perfectly sound, has fine symmetry and grand action. It will be seen by the pedigree, which can be obtained from the proprietor, that Moreland possesses the best and most fashionable blood in England, both on the sire and dam side.

Moreland will stand for the service mares for the season of 1894 at Wilson & McDonald's Livery and Feed stable.

WM WALSH, PROP.
Moose Jaw, Assa.

PRAIRIE FIRES.
PUBLIC NOTICE.

The Council of the Moose Jaw Board of Trade, on account of prairie fires occurring so frequently and attended with disastrous results, hereby request all parties who are cognizant of the origin of a prairie fire to make a declaration before a Justice of the Peace, setting forth the facts of the case, and that the J.P. make a return of such declaration to this Council.

By order,
SEYMOUR GREEN, Secy.

KIRKPATRICK & COOKSON
(Established 1869.)

MONTREAL

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Advances made on consignments of
WHEAT, OATS, BARLEY, ETC.
for sale. Montreal or in the various British Markets.

COMMUNICATIONS.

[The Times does not hold itself responsible for opinions expressed by correspondents. Communications written on both sides of the paper are promptly committed to the waste basket. The name of the correspondent must in all cases accompany the letter, not necessarily for publication, but as an evidence of good faith.]

Retro- and Intra-spective.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.
DEAR SIR,—Settlers who have left good Eastern homes and, taking Horace Greely's advice, turned their faces westward, are generally built of progressive material—men who have the indomitable courage that dispels vaporous difficulties that in a majority of cases become signals of oppression and discouragement, under favorable circumstances. In all new countries the privations and hardships of pioneer life have to be borne by the first settlers, and in many cases the turning point has not been reached till the last ray of hope had almost fled. Throughout the Eastern Provinces the heat forms of what represented in early days the strength and energy of God's noblest creation may be seen on every hand, the while those who came later are enjoying the fruits of that labor which has yielded and made prematurely old many a good man. Our own district is just passing experiences that with changes could be arranged for chills around the old eastern firesides. We cannot boast of the number of cords of wood chopped in a day, nor the distance we have carried a grain on our backs to the mill. There are other difficulties, however, that have been met, and the determination exhibited on every hand will eventually be crowned with success some day. The present year was one of unusual promise in the early part and until the season was quite well advanced. The drought continuing was more, however, than the grain could stand, yet on every hand farmers could be seen preparing land for another year—in many cases cultivating adjoining a crop that was actually disappearing under the withering rays of the hot sun. The hope displayed is amazing, and in those who have a prospect of escaping the pangs of want through the coming winter, confidence in the final outcome still exists. After their more than ordinary exertions, those who find themselves in straitened circumstances should be provided for. So much money has been spent, so much labor expended, that the question simply resolves itself into a business problem like what is encountered every day. Shall we invest more with the hope of securing what we have, or shall we simply "drop" what we have spent? If the former, then government funds should be placed where those who require aid could earn sufficient to carry them through the winter. If the latter, then the government should deliver them from the loss of the homes they were induced to leave under circumstances not quite in keeping with their experience in the North-West.

Mr. Tompkins on His boarders.
Come, Monday, get the fly screens out; I know they still no good.
A healthy fly will sure get in if once he said he would.
But we can't take no chances; in the city boarder's queer;
He allow wants his fly screens up when he's a-stayin' here.
I think we'd also better get a spinnin' wheel or two.
An' set 'em in the drawing room, because, 'twixt me an' you,
We may get some one here who for antique things has a whim,
An' who will pay us twice its cost to take it home with him.
An', by the way, y'd better buy, say twenty dozen eggs;
They does 'em up in line these days an' sell 'em out in kegs.
Then every mornin' I'll go out an' sort of strewn 'em round.
The coops an' lay hays, where they're sure by boarders to be found.
For I have noticed that the folks who come up here to stay
Thinks eggs is fresher laid if they have found 'em; and I say,
Pack up the table-cloths, because these town folks thinks that
Eat off a plain pine table, without any cloth law me!

YOUNG LAMONT'S CASE.
Neighbors much interested in the story—Everyone thought the Youngster would Die but he's Very Much Alive now.

DUNDAS, Aug. 6.—Hugh Lamont, of McIntyre, has a young son who is an object of interest throughout this whole section of country. From infancy the boy had dropsy and was bloated and swollen all over. It seemed to the parents that death could be the only release to one attacked so young by this disease. They heard of Dodd's Kidney Pills and began giving them to the child. With the first box, the bloating and swelling began to disappear. Six boxes affected a perfect cure and the boy is now just as healthy a youngster as sits up the dist. on the high roads of Western Ontario.

Proclamation.
VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain, and of the Dominion of Wales, Defender of the Faith, etc., etc.
C. H. MACKINTOSH, Lieutenant-Governor.
TO ALL TO WHOM THESE PRESENTS SHALL COME, or to whom the same may concern:
GREETING.
Whereas by Ordinance No. 18 of 1880, it is provided that the Lieutenant-Governor in Council may, from time to time, by Proclamation, as the settlement of the country and the convenience of the public require, divide any Registration District, or setting out any portion of it to be designated as a Registration District, and that the said Ordinance, in and to the said Ordinance, and where the Registration Office therein shall be kept;
NOW KNOW YE, that in pursuance of the powers vested in me by the said Ordinance, We do hereby, and with the advice of the Executive Council of the Territories, declare and proclaim that on and after the 15th day of August, 1881, all that portion of the Registration District of Regina, West of the line between Ranges 24 and 25, of the 2nd Meridian, E. and the same is hereby set off and proclaimed a Registration District under the name of the Registration District of Moose Jaw.

And We do hereby declare and proclaim that the Registration Office in the said District shall be kept in the City of Moose Jaw, and that Seymour N. Lee be and he is hereby appointed, to be the Clerk for the said District.
Of which all persons whom these presents may concern are hereby required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.
In Testimony Whereof, We have caused the Seal of the North-West Territories, and the Honorable Attorney-General, William H. Fisher, Charles Herbert Mackintosh, Lieutenant-Governor of the North-West Territories, in the said Territories, the third day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-four, and in the thirty-ninth year of Her Majesty's said Queen.

By Command,
R. B. GORDON, Secretary.

BULL FOR SERVICE!
That thorough-bred Durham bull "Bangor," 1635 (Dominion Short Horn Herd Book). Fee \$2.00.
FRED W. GREEN
501 Sec 22 16 57.

IMPORTANT TO PERSONS WITH IMPAIRED SIGHT!
I have this day purchased a complete line of B. LAURANCE'S Spectacles and Eye Glasses, to suit every sight. I use for fitting B. Laurance's tests, and I am in a position to assert that I can fit any person whose sight is impaired. These celebrated Spectacles will be sold at Eastern Prices.
W. W. BOLE.

CATTLE—FOR—Wintering.

Messrs. Robt. Moore, of Carmel, and Joseph Smith, of Marlborough, wish to announce to the public that they have entered into partnership, and purpose going into the business of wintering cattle, and of keeping a summer herd. Their ranch is situated within seven miles of the Elbow on the Saskatchewan, where they have secured a large quantity of hay, and where there is water in abundance. They have also erected a good stable. Messrs. Moore & Smith solicit business in their line and guarantee satisfaction. None but responsible men dealt with. For terms, address

R. MOORE,
Box 1, Moose Jaw.

NOTICE.
Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislative Assembly of the North-West Territories at the next Session thereof for an Ordinance to legalize a certain By-law of the Town of Moose Jaw being By-law Number 116 passed by the Mayor and Council of the Municipality of the Town of Moose Jaw for the purpose of raising by way of loan the sum of \$5,000.00 for public improvements as therein fully set forth.
Based on Moose Jaw this 7th day of June, A. D. 1881.

WM. GRAYSON,
Solicitor for the Applicants.

NOTICE.
In the Supreme Court of the North-West Territories, Judicial District of Western Assiniboia.

In the matter of the Judicial Order and in the matter of the estate of Charles Fredrick Johnson, deceased.
Upon the application of William Henry Bell, Administrator of the said Estate, and upon notice served on this day filed, I do hereby order that the parties having claims against the Estate of the said deceased do send notice of their respective claims to the said Administrator, at Qu'Appelle, Station, N.W.T., within two months from the date hereof, and that this order be published in the issue of the Moose Jaw Times and the Qu'Appelle Progress during the remainder of the month of August, 1881, after the 15th August, instant.

Chambers, Regina, (Ss) 2nd August 2nd, 1881. J. H. RICHARDSON, J. C.

Proclamation.
VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain, and of the Dominion of Wales, Defender of the Faith, etc., etc.
C. H. MACKINTOSH, Lieutenant-Governor.
TO ALL TO WHOM THESE PRESENTS SHALL COME, or to whom the same may concern:
GREETING.
Whereas by Ordinance No. 18 of 1880, it is provided that the Lieutenant-Governor in Council may, from time to time, by Proclamation, as the settlement of the country and the convenience of the public require, divide any Registration District, or setting out any portion of it to be designated as a Registration District, and that the said Ordinance, in and to the said Ordinance, and where the Registration Office therein shall be kept;
NOW KNOW YE, that in pursuance of the powers vested in me by the said Ordinance, We do hereby, and with the advice of the Executive Council of the Territories, declare and proclaim that on and after the 15th day of August, 1881, all that portion of the Registration District of Regina, West of the line between Ranges 24 and 25, of the 2nd Meridian, E. and the same is hereby set off and proclaimed a Registration District under the name of the Registration District of Moose Jaw.

And We do hereby declare and proclaim that the Registration Office in the said District shall be kept in the City of Moose Jaw, and that Seymour N. Lee be and he is hereby appointed, to be the Clerk for the said District.
Of which all persons whom these presents may concern are hereby required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.
In Testimony Whereof, We have caused the Seal of the North-West Territories, and the Honorable Attorney-General, William H. Fisher, Charles Herbert Mackintosh, Lieutenant-Governor of the North-West Territories, in the said Territories, the third day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-four, and in the thirty-ninth year of Her Majesty's said Queen.

By Command,
R. B. GORDON, Secretary.

BULL FOR SERVICE!
That thorough-bred Durham bull "Bangor," 1635 (Dominion Short Horn Herd Book). Fee \$2.00.
FRED W. GREEN
501 Sec 22 16 57.

IMPORTANT TO PERSONS WITH IMPAIRED SIGHT!
I have this day purchased a complete line of B. LAURANCE'S Spectacles and Eye Glasses, to suit every sight. I use for fitting B. Laurance's tests, and I am in a position to assert that I can fit any person whose sight is impaired. These celebrated Spectacles will be sold at Eastern Prices.
W. W. BOLE.

W. W. BOLE.

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLES.

First-Class Livery Rigs.

Best accommodation for the travelling public.

Draying to all parts of the town.

Premises High Street.

William Walsh's Old Stand.

WILSON AND McDONALD.

R. L. Slater,

Fashionable Tailor.

Full lines of all the

Latest Styles

WORTSEDS, TWEEDS,

SERGE, PANTINGS,

OVERCOATINGS,

Etc., Etc

Main Street. Moose Jaw.

When we assert that
Dodd's Kidney Pills
Cure Backache, Dropsy, Lumbago, Bright's Disease, Rheumatism and all other forms of Kidney Troubles, we are backed by the testimony of all who have used them.
THEY CURE TO STAY CURED.
By all druggists or on receipt of price, 25c. D. E. A. Smith & Co., Montreal.

ICE CREAM PARLOR!

The undersigned begs to announce that she has opened out a first-class Ice Cream Parlor in connection with the hotel. First-class furnished rooms to rent.
Miss D. MORRISON,
50-51, Aberdeen Hotel.

SHAVING PARLOUR.

SHAVING HAIR CUTTING, SHAMPOOING.

H. W. CARTER.

Colgan & Bates

Livery, Feed and Sale Stables

RIVER STREET WEST.

Every Accommodation For the Travelling public.

First-Class Livery Rig's For Hire.

HAY FOR SALE.

WEIGH SCALES IN CONNECTION

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS ROYAL MAIL LINES.

The Cheapest and Quickest

—ROUTE—

—To the—

OLD - COUNTRY !

SAILING DATES.

FROM MONTREAL
Mongolian-Allan Line..... Aug. 4
Laurentian-Allan Line..... Aug. 11
Saturn-Dominion Line..... Aug. 11
Labrador-Dominion Line..... Aug. 11
Lake Winnipeg-Beaver Line..... Aug. 3
Lake Huron-Beaver Line..... Aug. 15
FROM NEW YORK
Portland-American Line..... Aug. 11
Paris-American Line..... Aug. 15
Majestic-White Star Line..... Aug. 8
Germanic-White Star Line..... Aug. 15
State of Nebraska..... Aug. 17
Cabin, \$10, \$15, \$20, \$30, \$50, \$80. In moderate, \$90; Storage \$10 and upwards.
Passengers ticketed through to all points in Great Britain and Ireland and at special low rates to all parts of the European continent. Prepaid passage arranged from all points.
Apply to nearest Railway or Steamship Agent.
J. K. STEVENSON, Agent, Moose Jaw.
Or to ROBERT KERR, General Passenger Agent, Winnipeg.

Canada Pacific

To Toronto, Montreal, New York and all points east.

To Vancouver, Victoria, Tacoma, San Francisco and Pacific Coast Points.

AUSTRALIA

FROM VANCOUVER.
S.S. Arawa..... Aug. 16
S.S. Warrimoo..... Sept. 17

CHINA AND JAPAN

FROM VANCOUVER.
Empress of India..... Aug. 6
Empress of Japan..... Aug. 27

LAKE STEAMERS.

From Fort William.
Alberta..... Tuesday
Athabasca..... Saturday
Connecting Trains from Moose Jaw Sundays and Thursdays at 22:00 o'clock.

For full information apply to J. K. STEVENSON, Agent Moose Jaw, or to ROBERT KERR, General Passenger Agent.

NORTHERN PACIFIC R. R.

The Popular Route

ST. PAUL, MINNEAPOLIS,

AND

CHICAGO

And all points in the United States and Canada; also the Kootenai Gold lines.

Pullman Palace Vestibuled Sleeping and Dining Cars

ON EXPRESS TRAINS DAILY TO

TORONTO, MONTREAL, Etc.

and all points in Eastern Canada, via St. Paul and Chicago.

An opportunity to pass through the celebrated St. Clair Tunnel. Baggage is checked through in bond and there is no customs examination.

OCEAN PASSAGES

And Berths secured to and from Great Britain, Europe, China and Japan. All first-class steamship lines are represented.

Great Transcontinental Route to the Pacific Coast.

For tickets and further information apply to Chas. S. Fee, general passenger and ticket agent, St. Paul; H. Swinford, general agent, Winnipeg.

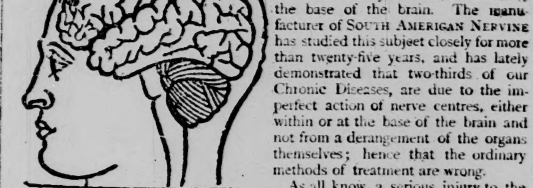
H. J. BELLH,
Ticket Agent, 486 Main St., Winnipeg.

THE GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN NERVE TONIC

AND STOMACH AND LIVER CURE

The Wonderful HEALTH BUILDER & NERVE FOOD

Chronic Diseases are caused by Deranged Nerve Centres at base of the Brain.



LATE discoveries have absolutely proven that the Stomach, Liver, Lungs, and indeed all internal organs, are controlled by the nerve centres at the base of the brain. The manufacture of SOUTH AMERICAN NERVE Tonic has studied this subject closely for more than twenty-five years, and has lately demonstrated that two-thirds of our Chronic Diseases, are due to the imperfect action of nerve centres, either within or at the base of the brain and not from a derangement of the organs themselves; hence that the ordinary methods of treatment are wrong.
As all know, a serious injury to the spinal cord, will at once cause Paralysis of the body below the injured part, it therefore will be equally well understood, how the derangements of the nerve centres, will cause the derangement of the different organs of the body which they supply with Nerve Fluid or Nerve Force.
The wonderful success of SOUTH AMERICAN NERVE Tonic is due alone to the fact that it is based on the foregoing principle. The use of a single bottle of this remedy will convince the most incredulous. It is indeed, a veritable Nerve Food and Will Relieve in One Day the varied forms of Nervous Disease and Stomach Troubles.

Nervous Diseases.

This class of diseases, is rapidly increasing each year, on account of the great wear our mode of living and labor imposes upon the nervous system. Nine-tenths of all the ailments to which the human family is heir, are dependent upon nervous exhaustion, impaired digestion, and a deteriorated and impoverished condition of the blood. The SOUTH AMERICAN NERVE Tonic is a great nerve food and nerve builder and this accounts for its marvellous power to cure the varied forms of nervous disease, such as Neuralgia, Nervousness, Nervous Prostration, St. Vitus's Dance, Nervous Choking, Nervous Paroxysms, Twitching of the Muscles, Hot Flashes, Menstrual Dependence, Forgetfulness, Sleeplessness, Restlessness, Nervousness of Females, Palpitation of the Heart, Sexual Weakness, etc., etc.

A SURE CURE FOR ST. VITUS'S DANCE.

My daughter, twelve years old, had been afflicted for several months with St. Vitus's Dance. She was reduced to a skeleton, could not walk, could not talk, could not swallow anything but milk; I had to handle her like an infant. Doctors and neighbors gave her up. I commenced giving her the SOUTH AMERICAN NERVE Tonic, and the effects were very surprising. In three days she was rid of the nervousness, and rapidly improved. Four bottles cured her completely. I think the SOUTH AMERICAN NERVE Tonic the greatest remedy ever discovered, and would recommend it to everyone.
MRS. W. T. LANSINGER,
Montmorency, Canada.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this May 16, 1887.
CHAS. M. TRAVIS, Notary Public.

A WONDERFUL CURE FOR INDIGESTION AND DYSPEPSIA.

Loss of Appetite, Weight and Tenderness in the Stomach, Sour Stomach, Pain in the Stomach, Wind upon the Stomach, Nausea and Sick Stomach, Sick Headache, Hiccough, Water-Brash, Heartburn, Vertigo and Dizziness, Sleeplessness, Frightful Dreams, etc.
The Stomach suffers more than any of the other organs from disease, because into it are taken so many indigestible and irritating substances as gruels of food. In its great effort to digest these, it soon becomes weakened and diseased. Under such circumstances, it is not wonderful, that so many complain of indigestion and weak stomachs. When the Stomach fails to digest and assimilate the food, the whole body falls into a state of weakness and decay. For Nature has decreed that the body must constantly receive nutriment through the Stomach, to repair the waste of tissue constantly going on in the system.

The South American Nerve Tonic

Is probably the greatest remedy ever discovered for the cure of all Chronic Stomach troubles, because it acts through the nerve centres. It gives marked relief in one day, and very soon effects a permanent cure. The first bottle will convince anyone that a cure is certain.

WHAT EX-MEMBER OF PARLIAMENT, HUGH E. TRUX, SAYS.

I have been for about ten years very much troubled with indigestion and dyspepsia, have tried a great many different kinds of patent medicines, and have been treated by a number of physicians and found no benefit from any. I was recommended to try SOUTH AMERICAN NERVE Tonic, and I have found it to be a most wonderful remedy. I have found very great relief, and since taking two more bottles, and now feel that I am entirely free from indigestion, and would strongly recommend all my fellow sufferers from the disease, to give SOUTH AMERICAN NERVE Tonic an immediate trial.

It will cure you.
July 16th, 1887.
Waltham, Ontario.

In Bed Six Years

FROM NERVOUS PROSTRATION.
I have been for about ten years very much troubled with indigestion and dyspepsia, have tried a great many different kinds of patent medicines, and have been treated by a number of physicians and found no benefit from any. I was recommended to try SOUTH AMERICAN NERVE Tonic, and I have found it to be a most wonderful remedy. I have found very great relief, and since taking two more bottles, and now feel that I am entirely free from indigestion, and would strongly recommend all my fellow sufferers from the disease, to give SOUTH AMERICAN NERVE Tonic an immediate trial.

Will a remedy which can effect such a marvellous cure as the above, cure you?
A MINISTER OF THE GOSPEL SPEAKS.
PETERBORO, Ontario, June 27, 1891.

DEAR SIR,—I have much pleasure in recommending the great SOUTH AMERICAN NERVE Tonic to all who are afflicted as I have been, with nervous prostration and indigestion. I found very great relief from the very first bottle, which was strongly recommended to me by my doctor. I also induced my wife to use it, who, I must say, was completely run down and was suffering very much from general debility. She found great relief from SOUTH AMERICAN NERVE Tonic, and also cheerfully recommends it to her fellow sufferers.

(My Signature),
Rev W. S. Barker

Sick Headache.

Is dependent on deranged nerve centres and indigestion. Hence its cure must come through building up the Nervous System and curing the Stomach. SOUTH AMERICAN NERVE Tonic will absolutely cure this dreaded malady and prevent its return.

For Sale by **W. W. BOLE,**

Moose Jaw N. W. T.

MOOSE JAW TIMES.

Friday, August 10, 1894.

FROM OVER THE LINE.

INTEREST FROM THE UNITED STATES

Uncle Sam's Broad Acres Furnish Quite a Few Paragraphs That are Worth a Careful Perusal.

Chicago had a dog funeral.

Henry George may run for U.S. congressional honors.

M. D. Foley, a Nevada politician, was murdered by a woman.

Several towns in Wisconsin have been entirely wiped out by forest fires.

Copious rains have saved the corn crop in Missouri, Illinois and Kansas.

A German prince lost \$8,400 at roulette at Saratoga, and then got mad.

The case of Debs et al., strike leaders, has been appealed to a higher court.

Andrew Carnegie says the United States does not require protection now.

Over sixty buildings in Belleplaine, Iowa, were burned recently. Loss \$450,000.

United States express company offices have been swindled by a bogus route agent.

Twenty people are reported drowned at Phillips, Wis., while escaping from forest fires.

San Francisco Japs are raising funds and men to assist the mother country in her war with China.

General term of supreme court handed down a decision sustaining the conviction of McKane, Coney Islands ex-chief of police.

In the presence of several hundred persons, Mile Londonderry, the young woman bicyclist, started on a tour of the world from the city hall plaza, New York.

Joseph Schneider and Thomas Saneck, workmen, and Henry Greishbach, a boy of ten, were killed at Winona, Minn., recently, by the caving in of a cesspool.

The steamer Saginaw, from San Domingo, brings news of the recent discovery of a plot to assassinate the president of San Domingo. One of the conspirators was shot.

The Equitable Life Assurance Society of New York has voluntarily ceased to transact new business in Prussia. The Berlin branch of the company will close existing contracts, which amount to about \$8,000,000 marks.

Prof. David Starr Jordan, of Stanford University, San Francisco, says the institution will open on Sept. 1st with 1,100 students. He states the University has an abundance of funds to maintain 1,000 or more students, and eighty professors indefinitely.

Charles Donnicke, a German, 82 years of age, of Newark, N.Y., killed himself at midnight with a lead musket. He put the muzzle in his mouth and pulled the trigger with his foot. His sick wife was in the next room and will probably die from the shock.

The remnant of Coxey's army camped at Hyattsville, Pa., are in a sorry plight. The men are on the verge of starvation. During the last two weeks they have lived chiefly on blackberries. Coxey threatened them with a gun, but he could do nothing for them. Promised contributions, he declared had not materialized. Coxey subsequently left for Massillon, and it is believed he will never return. Elliott's Chicago men declare they have banded themselves to fight for sustenance.

Word has been received in San Francisco of the wreck and total disability of the British barque William LaLachar, of Cape St. James, on Provost Island, 600 miles from Singapore. The vessel left Singapore for Hong Kong on May 4th to load at the latter port for San Francisco. She never reached her destination and her bones are now bleaching on the rocks off Cape St. James and the bodies of her crew are strewn along the shore or lying at the bottom of the ocean, and one of a crew of seventeen not a man was left to tell the tale.

Large bills for damage by the strike rioters in Chicago are now coming into the city hall. J. T. Brooks, second vice-president of the Pittsburgh, Cincinnati & St. Louis railroad, has presented a bill which aggregates \$119,000. The largest item is \$40,000 for 729 freight cars destroyed and forty-two damaged. Eighteen thousand dollars is charged for lading seven cars. The Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago has presented a bill of \$21,347. The largest item is for fourteen freight cars destroyed and fifty eight damaged, \$14,496.

A man named Reshin was caught in the act of snoring in the windows in the residence of George W. Pullman, the capitalist, in Chicago. Reshin is a Russian anarchist and made no resistance when seized by Pullman's servants and turned over to the police. He was taken to the Cottage Grove station but nothing more than stones were found on him. He cursed the government and Pullman. He declared that Pullman had thrown him out of work and that this was not the last Pullman would see of him. Later he admitted he had not done anything for years. He is held on \$500 bail.

Fairs of 1894.

Meadow Lea, Oct. 2.
Pilot Mount, Man. Oct. 2 and 3.
Springfield, Man. Oct. 3 and 4.
Souris, Man. Oct. 3 and 4.
Killarney, Oct. 4 and 5.
Gartmore, Man. Oct. 4.
Manitow, Man. Oct. 4 and 5.
Minneapolis, Man. Oct. 5.
Vinden, Oct. 5 and 6.
Baldur, Oct. 5 and 6.
Wapella, Oct. 5.
Neepawa, Oct. 9 and 10.
Regina, Oct. 9 and 10.
Russell, Oct. 10.
Oak Lake, Oct. 11 and 12.
Austin, Man. Oct. 12.
Red Deer, Alta. Oct. 11.
Belmont, Oct. 1 and 2.
Saskatoon, Oct. 3 and 4.
Melina, Oct. 3 and 4.
Red Deer, Alta. Oct. 11.
Deloraine, Oct. 2 and 3.
Clearwater, Oct. 11 and 12.

CATTLE AND CROPS.

Prof. Saunders Returns East From the West-Tuberculosis on Brandon Farm.

Professor Saunders, of Ottawa, director of the Dominion experimental farms, returned from the west lately, and spent the afternoon inspecting the exhibits at the Winnipeg industrial exhibition, returning to the capital by the express the same evening.

While west Prof. Saunders spent much of his time at the Brandon and Indian Head farms, and was asked by a Free Press reporter to give some particulars regarding the killing of cattle at the Brandon farm for tuberculosis. The professor said he went thoroughly into the question, and in his inspection of the cattle was assisted by Provincial Veterinarian Thompson and Dr. Torrance of Brandon. Early in the season he had ordered four of the cattle isolated on receipt of information from Supt. Bedford that tuberculosis was suspected. On testing three of these animals it was found that two were diseased and one animal in a healthy condition. Before he left he was instructed to make a thorough test of all the animals on the farm and stamp out the disease, destroying those affected. Hence all the animals at the Brandon farm as far as the professor is concerned, the result was a surprise to the professor, Mr. Bedford and to the attending veterinarians. Some of the most healthy and vigorous animals gave characteristic reaction after the injection of tuberculin, and on post mortem examination the case was found in each case, but in many instances in its earliest stages, thus confirming the reliability of the tuberculin test. Twenty-one animals were destroyed nine of which were bred in Manitoba and twelve in Ontario. Nineteen were pure bred cattle and two grades. A calf, four days from one of the grade cows, was also destroyed as a precautionary measure against epidemic. From enquiries Prof. Saunders says he finds the disease much more prevalent in the west than he expected, and he believes that many of the herds are more or less affected.

Prof. Saunders went west as far as Indian Head and says the crop prospects are about the same as last year, but in many cases a charge of stealing a gold watch and chain.

S. S. Merrick, of Carleton Place, was elected grand patriarch of the Grand Encampment of the Ontario Independent Order of Oddfellows.

Lord and Lady Mount-Stephen, Sir John MacNeill and Sir Donald Stewart left a few days ago for New York to take the steamer for England.

Minerve, of Montreal, says the Dominion cabinet, at the instance of Sir John Thompson, has adopted a strongly worded order-in-council re Catholic school.

Alfred Edmond, Toronto, agent of the Hamilton Powder Company, was brought back from Avon, N.J., where he was arrested on a charge of embezzling \$1,700 from the company.

Doty Bros, engine and boiler makers, Toronto, have assigned liabilities, \$20,000 assets, \$15,000. The Reliance Electric Manufacturing company, of Waterloo, Ont., with offices in Toronto, has also assigned.

The failure of James Eaton & Co., Toronto, with liabilities of \$182,000 and \$70,000 worth of Manitoba lands among the assets, recalls the period when Sir John Macdonald won an election by the aid of a boom.—Hamilton Times.

Rev. Prof. Strickland and Rev. Mr. Johnson, who severed their connection with the church of England at Fredericton, N.S., a few weeks ago were formally received into the Roman Catholic church, Montreal, by Archbishop Fabre.

Justice Street, of Osgoode Hall, refused the application for release on bail of Mrs. Hartley, incarcerated in Brantford goal waiting trial for the murder of her husband in June last. The assizes, when the case will be heard open in Brantford on October 22nd.

Peter Sengel, who had a jewelry business in Berlin, Ont., till a few weeks ago, recently eloped with Mrs. Hallman, wife of a teamster employed by Brown & Erb. They are said to be in Buffalo. Sengel leaves a wife and three children. The woman leaves two children.

TILLMAN DETERMINED.

The South Carolina Governor Will Open an State Fair.

State bars in full blast in eight days, says Governor Tillman's latest sensational declaration. "I intend to open the dispensaries on August 1st, and to enforce the law more rigorously than ever," he says, in defiant language. He adds that he will issue a proclamation to that effect, in time to give the liquor dealers a chance to dispose of what they have on hand before he puts his constables in the field. He says that the spirit of 1861, and explains that he "took to the woods with it" that is, suspended its operation to prevent a test case being brought to upset it, before the succession of Justice-lectured by to the Supreme court on July 26th. The governor openly attributed the recent decision to the political prejudices of the judges, and insists that the people want the law and shall have it. The governor is in an ugly frame of mind and seems determined to crush all opposition, and he has at his back fifty companies of rustic militia, mustered since the Darlington riots. For the last three months whiskey has been freely sold in most of the towns of the state, to the disgust of the temperance people.

THE HINDRANCE.

An Inhuman Brute Tries to Burn Her Only Child.

An inhuman act is reported from the forest region, up the little Kanawha river. A man named Valentine who is married and has a family, and Mrs. Jacob Tracer, a widow, both residing on Smith creek, Calhoun county, have been "keeping company" for some time. Last week they resolved to leave the country. What seemed to them a hindrance to their plans was Mrs. Tracer's 4-year-old daughter. They, therefore, set to work to rid themselves of the child. They took the little girl to the woods, tied her fast to a tree and set the brush about her on fire. Then they disappeared and have not been heard from since. The child was found by the neighbors and was released before the fire reached her. Warrants have been issued for the arrest of the inhuman couple.

NOTES OF THE DOMINION.

HAPPENINGS OF INTEREST PICKED UP HERE AND THERE.

Called From the Writings of the Dominion and Condensed for the Information of the Reading Public.

Mejor Draper, of Toronto, is dead.

The Wellman party is still missing.

A boy died of lockjaw in Hamilton.

The Purcell will case has been finally settled.

Fire destroyed twenty-five houses in Montreal lately.

Ottawa electric light companies have been amalgamated.

The Dominion voters' revision list commences on Sept. 1st.

The manager of the Montreal branch of the Bank of Toronto is dead.

Samuel Shannon and daughter May were drowned at Pembroke recently.

The Russian prince on a tour through Canada is delighted with the country.

A Montreal letter-carrier has been sentenced to three years imprisonment.

D. G. Stephenson, wardens of York county, is missing. He is \$90,000 short.

The stolen body of the late Patrick Purcell has been recovered and re-interred.

It is said that Ex-Lieut.-Governor Royal has purchased Le Canada, of Ottawa.

Crop prospects of the Dominion are also to beaverage. Business is dull, but the outlook is not discouraging.

Exports of wheat from Canada and the United States to Europe in a recent week amounted to 3,338,000 bushels.

Ontario protests have been filed against Meredith for London, Middleton for Hamilton and Harcourt for Monck.

As a result of the Scottish miners strike the Allan and Dominion line of Glasgow steamers have to go Swansea to coal up.

Joe Lablache, the prize fighter, known as the "Marine," was arrested in Montreal on a charge of stealing a gold watch and chain.

S. S. Merrick, of Carleton Place, was elected grand patriarch of the Grand Encampment of the Ontario Independent Order of Oddfellows.

Lord and Lady Mount-Stephen, Sir John MacNeill and Sir Donald Stewart left a few days ago for New York to take the steamer for England.

Minerve, of Montreal, says the Dominion cabinet, at the instance of Sir John Thompson, has adopted a strongly worded order-in-council re Catholic school.

Alfred Edmond, Toronto, agent of the Hamilton Powder Company, was brought back from Avon, N.J., where he was arrested on a charge of embezzling \$1,700 from the company.

Doty Bros, engine and boiler makers, Toronto, have assigned liabilities, \$20,000 assets, \$15,000. The Reliance Electric Manufacturing company, of Waterloo, Ont., with offices in Toronto, has also assigned.

The failure of James Eaton & Co., Toronto, with liabilities of \$182,000 and \$70,000 worth of Manitoba lands among the assets, recalls the period when Sir John Macdonald won an election by the aid of a boom.—Hamilton Times.

Rev. Prof. Strickland and Rev. Mr. Johnson, who severed their connection with the church of England at Fredericton, N.S., a few weeks ago were formally received into the Roman Catholic church, Montreal, by Archbishop Fabre.

Justice Street, of Osgoode Hall, refused the application for release on bail of Mrs. Hartley, incarcerated in Brantford goal waiting trial for the murder of her husband in June last. The assizes, when the case will be heard open in Brantford on October 22nd.

Peter Sengel, who had a jewelry business in Berlin, Ont., till a few weeks ago, recently eloped with Mrs. Hallman, wife of a teamster employed by Brown & Erb. They are said to be in Buffalo. Sengel leaves a wife and three children. The woman leaves two children.

TILLMAN DETERMINED.

The South Carolina Governor Will Open an State Fair.

State bars in full blast in eight days, says Governor Tillman's latest sensational declaration. "I intend to open the dispensaries on August 1st, and to enforce the law more rigorously than ever," he says, in defiant language. He adds that he will issue a proclamation to that effect, in time to give the liquor dealers a chance to dispose of what they have on hand before he puts his constables in the field. He says that the spirit of 1861, and explains that he "took to the woods with it" that is, suspended its operation to prevent a test case being brought to upset it, before the succession of Justice-lectured by to the Supreme court on July 26th. The governor openly attributed the recent decision to the political prejudices of the judges, and insists that the people want the law and shall have it. The governor is in an ugly frame of mind and seems determined to crush all opposition, and he has at his back fifty companies of rustic militia, mustered since the Darlington riots. For the last three months whiskey has been freely sold in most of the towns of the state, to the disgust of the temperance people.

THE HINDRANCE.

An Inhuman Brute Tries to Burn Her Only Child.

An inhuman act is reported from the forest region, up the little Kanawha river. A man named Valentine who is married and has a family, and Mrs. Jacob Tracer, a widow, both residing on Smith creek, Calhoun county, have been "keeping company" for some time. Last week they resolved to leave the country. What seemed to them a hindrance to their plans was Mrs. Tracer's 4-year-old daughter. They, therefore, set to work to rid themselves of the child. They took the little girl to the woods, tied her fast to a tree and set the brush about her on fire. Then they disappeared and have not been heard from since. The child was found by the neighbors and was released before the fire reached her. Warrants have been issued for the arrest of the inhuman couple.

THE HINDRANCE.

An Inhuman Brute Tries to Burn Her Only Child.

An inhuman act is reported from the forest region, up the little Kanawha river. A man named Valentine who is married and has a family, and Mrs. Jacob Tracer, a widow, both residing on Smith creek, Calhoun county, have been "keeping company" for some time. Last week they resolved to leave the country. What seemed to them a hindrance to their plans was Mrs. Tracer's 4-year-old daughter. They, therefore, set to work to rid themselves of the child. They took the little girl to the woods, tied her fast to a tree and set the brush about her on fire. Then they disappeared and have not been heard from since. The child was found by the neighbors and was released before the fire reached her. Warrants have been issued for the arrest of the inhuman couple.

and was followed by a report or explosion which sounded like a cannon fired a long distance off. Houses were shaken and windows rattled. A number of citizens rushed out of their houses thinking the mill boiler had exploded. No damage appears to have been done.

THE WAR WITH CHINA.

The Transport Ship Kow Ching Sunk With Nearly All on Board.

The following is the latest Chinese version of the sinking of the transport ship Kow Ching. When the Kow Ching was overhauled by the Japanese cruiser the latter sent a boat alongside to transport with a prize crew to convey her to Japan. The Japanese boarded the Kow Ching and ordered her commander, Capt. Galsworthy to proceed to Japan. Capt. Galsworthy refused to obey the order and the Japanese withdrew to report to the commander of their cruiser. The latter then opened fire upon the transport, using the machine gun and the main battery. The Japanese ship. The fire was so well directed that it cleared the Kow Ching's decks. The cruiser then discharged the two torpedoes at the transport, sinking her and drowning nearly all of about 2000 souls on board. Col. Von Harknien, a German, formerly the viceroys' aide-de-camp and a number of other foreign officers were among those killed by the fire from the tops of the cruiser. The transport was described as being a monster, could make up its mind to fall to fly below, or rise to forty below. Felix, therefore, wrote many letters, made many enquiries, and at last decided to settle at Catham. He and his wife left England a few days ago, and during the journey he had a most interesting journey at Brandon to present a letter of introduction, and this may be called their first blunder. Here Felix was assured that the Northwest was a mistake, little better than a desert, that no one was going who went to the Northwest failed, and were only too glad to leave the country and find a congenial resting place in the great wheat province. It was impressed upon him also that \$200 was too small to make a fortune, and that he must go before he could get well on his legs, and that, in short, he was simply on the road to ruin. Much better, he was told, to get an improved farm on easy terms, so that he could begin farming at once, and enjoy himself considerably, and for his outlay. It so happened that the party to whom he had the introduction (one of Brandon's most prominent citizens) had just such a farm for sale. It was a half section with a few acres ready for cropping. The bargain was struck, and the price of the farm, but it was to be paid for in five equal annual instalments. The vendor found the seed for the first year, and was to have half the crop if the year failed, but not more than 10 per cent for the seed if the crop failed. Felix thought the terms not only fair but generous, and entered upon farming a happy man, with house, building, stock and implements.

RECORDED THE RULING.

That Obligations to the Pope Do Not Prevent Justice Being Done.

A most interesting decision has just been given by Recorder Demontigny of Montreal. On June 24th last Norman Murray, a local character, was arrested on a charge of interfering with St. Jean Baptiste procession. He was brought before the recorder the following day for trial, but objected to the recorder on the ground that the latter was a Roman Catholic and papal zovane and that his obligations to the pope prevented him from trying an impartial trial. Recorder Demontigny overruled his objections and in an elaborate judgment which he has published he rules that there is nothing in his obligations as a Catholic or as a man, or as a citizen, to prevent him from granting fair play to all men, and he orders the case to proceed.

A Birthday Party.

The Dowager Duchess of Aberdeen, who is 82, received her living descendants, 101 in number, at Montague house, Whitehall, on her birthday. Such a birthday party, indeed, was surely never seen. The guests included all the royal family and the various families of the blood before her, beginning with her eldest daughter, the Dowager Duchess of Leitchfield, with thirteen children and thirteen grand-children. Some of the grandchildren were superstitious about unlucky numbers. Next came the thirteen children and fifteen grand-children of the late Countess of Durham, the Duchess of Buccleuch with seven children, and the four children and four grand-children, this duplication of number from generation to generation seems to run in the family—the late Countess of Mount Edgcombe. This remarkable company also included the Duke of Abercorn, Countess Winterton, Lord George Hamilton, Lord Claude Hamilton, Lord Frederick and Lord Ernest Hamilton, the Marchioness of Landsdowne. The heroine of this delightful ceremony must have felt prouder even than the most distinguished of military commanders reviewing his troops.

C. P. R. Earnings and Expenses.

The earnings and expenses of the C.P.R. for June, 1894, were: Gross earnings, \$1,458,083; working expenses, \$1,022,728; net profits, \$435,355. In June, 1893, net profits were \$722,327, and for six months ending June 30, 1894, net profits were \$2,582,538; net profit, \$2,283,211. For six months ending June 30, 1893, there was a net profit of \$2,099,270. The decrease in net profit over the same period last year is \$1,816,059. The earnings and expenses for June 30th, 1894, were: Gross earnings, \$1,458,083; working expenses, \$1,022,728; net profits, \$435,355.

THE DOWAGER DUCHESS OF ABERDEEN.

The Dowager Duchess of Aberdeen, who is 82, received her living descendants, 101 in number, at Montague house, Whitehall, on her birthday. Such a birthday party, indeed, was surely never seen. The guests included all the royal family and the various families of the blood before her, beginning with her eldest daughter, the Dowager Duchess of Leitchfield, with thirteen children and thirteen grand-children. Some of the grandchildren were superstitious about unlucky numbers. Next came the thirteen children and fifteen grand-children of the late Countess of Durham, the Duchess of Buccleuch with seven children, and the four children and four grand-children, this duplication of number from generation to generation seems to run in the family—the late Countess of Mount Edgcombe. This remarkable company also included the Duke of Abercorn, Countess Winterton, Lord George Hamilton, Lord Claude Hamilton, Lord Frederick and Lord Ernest Hamilton, the Marchioness of Landsdowne. The heroine of this delightful ceremony must have felt prouder even than the most distinguished of military commanders reviewing his troops.

C. P. R. Earnings and Expenses.

The earnings and expenses of the C.P.R. for June, 1894, were: Gross earnings, \$1,458,083; working expenses, \$1,022,728; net profits, \$435,355. In June, 1893, net profits were \$722,327, and for six months ending June 30, 1894, net profits were \$2,582,538; net profit, \$2,283,211. For six months ending June 30, 1893, there was a net profit of \$2,099,270. The decrease in net profit over the same period last year is \$1,816,059. The earnings and expenses for June 30th, 1894, were: Gross earnings, \$1,458,083; working expenses, \$1,022,728; net profits, \$435,355.

LESSONS FROM FAILURES.

Why Some People Fail to Make Ends Meet in the Northwest.

I have read with much interest the actual experiences of settlers that appeared in the press from time to time. While I was not directly concerned in their pluck and enjoying their success, my eye fell upon the following passage in the London Letter of the Manitoba Free Press: "There is no doubt that many men come back to the old country from Canada who have not succeeded, and who run down the country to their friends as a place where no one ought to go who wishes to earn a comfortable living." It occurred to me, therefore, that it might be suitable to your columns to point out that there are indeed men who cannot succeed anywhere, and experience shows that the failure of such men was attributable, not to the country but to the men themselves. We all know that Beau Brummel's valet, carrying away a tray load of crumpled and soiled clothes, described his master's failures, that is, those neckties that his master had spoiled before he succeeded in tying a bow that suited his fastidious taste. It was no fault of the cravats, however, that they were spoiled; it was the incompetency of the valet. In the same way, the failure of a man to succeed in the Northwest is not due to the country but to the man himself. In most of the failures by persons who come to the Northwest it will be found that the man himself is not with the country, but with the man.

I will give an instance. It is a real case but I will suppress the man's name. I will call him Felix, which was his Christian name. He had been a literary man, and had been a member of the staff of the London Letter of the Manitoba Free Press. He longed for the free life of the prairie; he had read books about the simple and innocent life we lead, or may lead, and ought to lead. He thought it must be charming to be away from the hum and bustle of London, and to be able to live amid the crowds in the old world. Felix was willing to purchase this happiness notwithstanding he would have to buck wood, drive oxen and water cattle when the snow was around, and the thermometer would make up its mind to fall to fly below, or rise to forty below. Felix, therefore, wrote many letters, made many enquiries, and at last decided to settle at Catham. He and his wife left England a few days ago, and during the journey he had a most interesting journey at Brandon to present a letter of introduction, and this may be called their first blunder. Here Felix was assured that the Northwest was a mistake, little better than a desert, that no one was going who went to the Northwest failed, and were only too glad to leave the country and find a congenial resting place in the great wheat province. It was impressed upon him also that \$200 was too small to make a fortune, and that he must go before he could get well on his legs, and that, in short, he was simply on the road to ruin. Much better, he was told, to get an improved farm on easy terms, so that he could begin farming at once, and enjoy himself considerably, and for his outlay. It so happened that the party to whom he had the introduction (one of Brandon's most prominent citizens) had just such a farm for sale. It was a half section with a few acres ready for cropping. The bargain was struck, and the price of the farm, but it was to be paid for in five equal annual instalments. The vendor found the seed for the first year, and was to have half the crop if the year failed, but not more than 10 per cent for the seed if the crop failed. Felix thought the terms not only fair but generous, and entered upon farming a happy man, with house, building, stock and implements.

RECORDED THE RULING.

That Obligations to the Pope Do Not Prevent Justice Being Done.

A most interesting decision has just been given by Recorder Demontigny of Montreal. On June 24th last Norman Murray, a local character, was arrested on a charge of interfering with St. Jean Baptiste procession. He was brought before the recorder the following day for trial, but objected to the recorder on the ground that the latter was a Roman Catholic and papal zovane and that his obligations to the pope prevented him from trying an impartial trial. Recorder Demontigny overruled his objections and in an elaborate judgment which he has published he rules that there is nothing in his obligations as a Catholic or as a man, or as a citizen, to prevent him from granting fair play to all men, and he orders the case to proceed.

A Birthday Party.

The Dowager Duchess of Aberdeen, who is 82, received her living descendants, 101 in number, at Montague house, Whitehall, on her birthday. Such a birthday party, indeed, was surely never seen. The guests included all the royal family and the various families of the blood before her, beginning with her eldest daughter, the Dowager Duchess of Leitchfield, with thirteen children and thirteen grand-children. Some of the grandchildren were superstitious about unlucky numbers. Next came the thirteen children and fifteen grand-children of the late Countess of Durham, the Duchess of Buccleuch with seven children, and the four children and four grand-children, this duplication of number from generation to generation seems to run in the family—the late Countess of Mount Edgcombe. This remarkable company also included the Duke of Abercorn, Countess Winterton, Lord George Hamilton, Lord Claude Hamilton, Lord Frederick and Lord Ernest Hamilton, the Marchioness of Landsdowne. The heroine of this delightful ceremony must have felt prouder even than the most distinguished of military commanders reviewing his troops.

C. P. R. Earnings and Expenses.

The earnings and expenses of the C.P.R. for June, 1894, were: Gross earnings, \$1,458,083; working expenses, \$1,022,728; net profits, \$435,355. In June, 1893, net profits were \$722,327, and for six months ending June 30, 1894, net profits were \$2,582,538; net profit, \$2,283,211. For six months ending June 30, 1893, there was a net profit of \$2,099,270. The decrease in net profit over the same period last year is \$1,816,059. The earnings and expenses for June 30th, 1894, were: Gross earnings, \$1,458,083; working expenses, \$1,022,728; net profits, \$435,355.

THE DOWAGER DUCHESS OF ABERDEEN.

The Dowager Duchess of Aberdeen, who is 82, received her living descendants, 101 in number, at Montague house, Whitehall, on her birthday. Such a birthday party, indeed, was surely never seen. The guests included all the royal family and the various families of the blood before her, beginning with her eldest daughter, the Dowager Duchess of Leitchfield, with thirteen children and thirteen grand-children. Some of the grandchildren were superstitious about unlucky numbers. Next came the thirteen children and fifteen grand-children of the late Countess of Durham, the Duchess of Buccleuch with seven children, and the four children and four grand-children, this duplication of number from generation to generation seems to run in the family—the late Countess of Mount Edgcombe. This remarkable company also included the Duke of Abercorn, Countess Winterton, Lord George Hamilton, Lord Claude Hamilton, Lord Frederick and Lord Ernest Hamilton, the Marchioness of Landsdowne. The heroine of this delightful ceremony must have felt prouder even than the most distinguished of military commanders reviewing his troops.

debt. He would have homesteaded, got gradually accustomed to work, gradually built up a farm, gradually have seen what was meant by "settling." Instead of that he preferred to become a hot-house plant, forced into a 70-acre farm in two months by the protecting, I mean withering shade of a Brandon land speculator. The result was natural as with all plants that are over forced, he withered at the first frost.

The moral of this is that such men are bound to fail if they come to this country. The Northwest is not a fitted for them, nor are they fitted for the Northwest. The man who comes out here should be "King of two hands" at any rate, and if he will only use them he will find the richest parting in the whole wide world in Nature herself, a partner, too, that requires no share of the profit; she yields, one, however, that is very exacting and grants no favors except in response to work. What is wanted out here is a man who is not a fence, not a man to sit on one and let Cape Charles to the eye-brows of his lady-love, but a man who would have done much better had he stayed at home. He may be amiable, willing, clever, but he is not for here, and it is to be regretted that he and such as he run down the country, and keep away men to whom the prairie was perhaps never prosperity; instead of having the clear-headedness to see and the courage to declare that it was he and not the country that was the cause of his failure.

THE DANGERS OF THE SEA.

What is Encountered on a Voyage to the Arctic.

The steamship Miranda, of the Red Cross Line, having on board Dr. Cook's Arctic expedition, which left New York on July 7th, has been in collision with an iceberg. No lives, however, were lost and the Miranda has put into Cape Charles harbor, Labrador, where temporary repairs were effected. The Miranda then returned to St. John's, Nfld., reaching there safely a few days ago. The steamship will be thoroughly overhauled and will probably proceed to Greenland in a few days. All on board are well. The collision occurred at 5.30 a.m. on July 17th, during a dense fog and when the Miranda was about five miles northwest of Belle Isle. The Miranda was then running at a good rate of speed and it was not believed that there was any ice in vicinity; in fact the iceberg was not sighted until the steamer was close upon it. The moment the iceberg was sighted the engines were stopped and the ship was turned back and the collision, which might have proved fatal, owing to this prompt handling of the helm, the Miranda struck squarely with her stern and the ensuing collision, which checked her headway, not much damage was done.

Disinfect!

It is time to use disinfectants and use them liberally.

WE HAVE IN STOCK

Chloride of Lime,
Sulphate of Iron,
Phenyle and
Carbolic Acid.

Seasonable goods are:—

FLY PADS, INSECT
POWDER, GOPHER POI-
SON, BED BUG BAN-
ISHER, AT

Bole's.

The Moose Jaw Times.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 10, 1894.

LOCAL AND GENERAL NEWS.

School re-opens on Monday next.

Thos. Healey is navigating on crutches.

Mr. Fred Crapper, of Regina, spent Sunday in town, visiting at Mr. Bates.

Dr. Cowan, dentist, of Regina, spent Monday and Tuesday here, practicing his profession.

A rumour is current in Regina that the Territorial general elections will be held about the beginning of next year.

Mr. Jas. Brass is placing brick on a site on River street east and will shortly commence the erection of a dwelling house.

Mr. Jas. Brass, brickmaker, last week shipped a car of his red brick—the only red brick manufactured in Manitoba or the Territories—to Grenfell.

R. L. Patterson, Toronto, representative of Miller & Richard, the famous Scotch type foundry, was a passenger from the coast on Tuesday night's express.

Conductor Alex. Leitch, who has been rusticated at "the Saratoga of the West," resumed his run on the Brandon-Moose Jaw section on Wednesday.

On Tuesday night's east-bound train Sheriff Campbell, of Macleod, was a passenger. He was bound for Halifax and expected to be absent from the Territories about a month.

An Edmonton despatch says that on Saturday last the body of Isaac Roy was found in his tent near Morinville. He had been struck on the head, stabbed to the heart and killed.

Master Mechanic Cross thoroughly inspected the scene of and the debris left by the locomotive boiler explosion which occurred at Field last week. He is unable to assign any cause for the accident.

Mr. Mahlon Johnston, Bohar, has put an additional carrier to his binder which delivers the grain into a wagon driven alongside. This is a decided improvement and saves all the grain that is cut.

A very large percentage of candidates who wrote at the July teachers' examinations were "plucked." Altogether only 34 certificates were granted—one first, eleven seconds, and twenty-two thirds.

Senator Loughheed, of Calgary, went east on Tuesday en route to Montreal. He is on business connected with the Medicine Hat trouble, and will represent Mr. Niblock's cause before the C. P. R. general manager.

Mr. M. T. Banbridge, who ranches some six miles south of Moose Jaw, was a caller at THE TIMES office on Saturday. Mr. Banbridge has had experience in both grain-growing and ranching. He favors the latter as a money-making occupation.

The Winnipeg wholesale drug firms of Martin & Co., and Bole, Wynne & Co., have given notice to amalgamate on January 1st, 1895, under the name of Martin, Bole, Wynne & Co. D. W. Bole (who is brother to W. W. Bole, druggist of Moose Jaw) will be vice-president and treasurer of the new company.

Mr. Alex. Dalgatty, of Pasqua, gave THE TIMES a call on Friday last, and better than that he gave us a compliment upon the improved appearance of the paper. Mr. Dalgatty reported that the farmers in Pasqua district were all busy harvesting and while everywhere the crop is extremely light, there is scarcely any but that will have something to reap.

Rev. F. B. Stacey is visiting Regina today.

Rev. W. E. Brown is visiting Qu'Appelle.

Miss Fanny Long has returned to Lestow.

W. C. Saunders arrived home on Monday from Montreal.

Homestead Inspector Rogers, of Regina, was in town on Sunday.

Mrs. Wilcox is visiting Banff.

Mr. Milestone retained the gold shooting button on Friday night.

Conductor Al. Frosser intends leaving in a few days for Minneapolis.

Miss Struthers, who was visiting Mrs. J. McIlhush, returned to Regina on Friday night.

Ed. Chambers of London, Ont., arrived Wednesday morning and is a guest at the residence of Rev. F. B. Stacey.

Dr. McKenzie, of Toronto, specialist on deformities and diseased joints, spent Sunday last in town, and treated some cases.

Mr. A. M. Fenwick, M. A., the newly appointed principal of the Moose Jaw schools, arrived from Battleford on Tuesday.

Contractor Wm. Henderson, well known throughout the Territories, arrived at Regina on Wednesday from Galveston, Texas.

The Presbyterian pulpit here was vacant on Sunday last. Rev. Mr. Mahson has arrived to conduct services on Sunday next.

J. S. Macdonald, of the despatcher's office, was on Monday called to Winnipeg to attend the funeral of a sister, who died suddenly in that city.

The prize list of the Moose Jaw Agricultural Society for their annual show to be held this year on Wednesday, October 3rd, was issued last week from THE TIMES press.

Miss C. Simpson, sister of ex-Mayor Simpson, left yesterday for Regina. On Monday she will proceed from the capital to Indian Head to resume teaching duties in the school at that place.

Yesterday morning, just twelve days after the damage was done, Mr. Hitchcock received his cheque for insurance on household effects, which were injured two weeks ago by lightning. The Phoenix Co., of England, carried the policy.

The tooth-pulling and mineral-salt-selling aggregation of medical novelty, negro melody and brazen femininity, which gave concerts from a day on our streets last week, is at present entertaining our legislators and the denizens at the capital.

We would draw the attention of cattle owners to the advt. of Messrs. Moore & Smith, which appears on page 5 of this issue. These gentlemen have secured a first-class location and are making every preparation for successfully wintering cattle.

A session of the Normal School for candidates holding first and second class non-professional certificates will open in Regina, Sept. 3rd and close Dec. 22nd. Application for admission should be made to the Secretary of the Council of Public Instruction, Regina.

THE TIMES this week received a private letter from Mr. J. A. Bloske, dated July 12th at Fort Wrangle, Alaska, the nearest post office from where Her Majesty's International Boundary Commission was then pushing its labors. Mr. B. is maintaining his avoirdupois.

On another page may be found the proclamation of the appointment of Seymour Green, J. P., to be Registrar of Moose Jaw District under the Ordinance respecting Mortgages and Sales of Personal Property. The provisions of the Ordinance come into effect here on the 15th inst.

Investigating showers blessed this district within the past few days and those who were convinced that our sphere had "wobbled" on its axis to such an extent as to place us in a region of space where rain was an unknown element, have concluded that it must have "wobbled" back again.

The Presbyterian Ladies' Aid social on Wednesday evening attracted a large crowd of the socially inclined, who experienced an evening of exceeding enjoyment in discussing ice cream and other toothsome refreshments, and inbibing a variety of "mixed drinks." The ladies netted a handsome sum as a reward for their entertaining efforts.

In days gone by there have been retailed many ludicrous answers, both oral and written, made by public school pupils. The late promotion examinations held throughout the Territories furnish several as funny replies as could well be imagined. For instance one candidate refers to his Honor Lt.-Gov. Mackintosh as "our left-hand governor." Of an indiscriminate knowledge of history the following sketch of the late Sir John A. Macdonald is a remarkable example: "Sir John was the first Governor-General of Canada; he died in 1812 at the battle of Cut Knife, fighting against Montcalm, an Indian chief, who was leader of the first Red rebellion."

Fire brigade practice to-night.

Conductor Hyson has returned from Prince Albert.

Frank Statham will remain at Regina another month.

Supt. of Works D. Smith was in town this week.

J. B. Lynch, Ottawa, registered at the dining hall on Sunday.

Willie McCracken is filling a vacancy in the despatcher's office here.

C.P.R. Boiler Inspector Lowe, of Winnipeg spent Wednesday in town.

The date of Mr. Davin's expected visit to Moose Jaw has not been announced.

Our attention is drawn to the fact that wagons are being driven over the new brick sidewalk. The sidewalk was not constructed for wheel traffic, and the Inspector should see to the matter.

The entire country surrounding Calgary has been burnt over by prairie fires within the last week, and an immense quantity of hay has been destroyed. Hay in Calgary three weeks ago sold for \$7 a ton; it has already jumped to over \$20.

The following camping party left yesterday for Buffalo Lake:—Mr. and Mrs. Christie, Jas. Christie, Charlie Smith and Miss Smith, Miss Ostrander and Misses Bessie and Winnie Ostrander, Mrs. Ball, Miss Manley of Parkburg, Mr. Randall, Mr. Prosser and Dr. Duncan. Others will follow on Saturday.

The Moose Jaw Fire Brigade was re-organized last evening with the following officers: Chief, J. McIlhush; Asst. Chief, C. A. Glas, Engineer, F. A. Miller; Asst. Engineer, J. Macaulay; Captain Hook and Ladder Co., D. Rolfe; Branchman, B. Reid, R. Doran, E. McMillan, C. F. Smith; Foreman, W. Armstrong. Meetings and practices will be held every Thursday evening.

A most successful private picnic was held on Wednesday afternoon at Anabelle's grove in the Moose Jaw valley, in which the following parties participated:—Mrs. J. T. Simpson, Miss Simpson and Miss C. Simpson, Mrs. Bole, Mrs. J. H. Ross, Mrs. Hamilton, Mrs. T. B. Baker, Miss Keltie, Mrs. Walter Scott, Drs. Duncan and Turnbull, Messrs. C. D. Fisher, Baker, Bole, Simpson and Hamilton.

On the east-bound express on Sunday night was a company of fifty South Sea Islanders, who excited no small show of interest amongst the large crowd of promoters that thronged the C.P.R. platform. Last year a party of 27 Polynesians were shown at the World's Fair, and the managers were so encouraged by the success of the enterprise that they resolved to bring over a new and larger company to show at the California fair. The fair being over a tour of America was projected, and the railway strike drove them around by the C. P. R. Among the outfit are representatives of all the islands of Western Polynesia. They appeared in Regina on Monday night.

A rollicking body of knights of the mortar and pestle invaded Moose Jaw on Tuesday, among their number being prominent citizens of the two towns between which some rivalry exists anent the site for the proposed Territorial Exhibition. In fact the party included Regina's chief magistrate, who, for that day, feeling a freedom from the weighty responsibilities of office, "cut himself loose" with true western vim and hilarity. In the afternoon the entire party—whom as an incorporated body are known by the formidable name of The Council of the Pharmaceutical Association of the North-West Territories—stormed THE TIMES office and made themselves at home in a style that did our heart good to see. In the evening President Bole gave the members of the Council a drive about the environments of Moose Jaw, showing them where we propose to locate a dam, and other points of interest. Both Regina and Calgary gentlemen were bound to admit that with its natural advantages Moose Jaw could compete for the Exhibition on even terms against either of their respective towns.

Boharin Jottings.

BOHARIN, AUG. 8.—The farmers are busy in their harvest and it seems to take a considerable amount of work to invent some means of gathering it.

The Government Land Inspector has been through this district this week, of which quite a number have made application for their patents.

Mr. Carle had the misfortune to lose a valuable horse last week. While driving home from the hills with a load of hay the beast fell dead in the barrens.

Aug. 9.—A fine shower passed over our district today accompanied with hail, but we think there will be no damage done excepting the spoiling of a few small potatoes.

We understand that Mr. T. Arnold has received the appointment of detective for this place.

Mr. O. B. Fysh passed through this place last week on one of his business trips. Service will be held here next Sunday as usual continued by Rev. Mr. Smith. Our teacher has resumed her duties again after her illness. She might have been worse.

Observer.

Mr. J. MacLEOD.

Genuine Bargains in BOOTS & SHOES.

For the next TEN DAYS we are prepared to offer to the people of Moose Jaw some of the greatest bargains in

BOOTS & SHOES

That they ever had before. This is a rare chance, and every one should take advantage as our magnificent and well selected stock has already won a high reputation for

Good Wear, Style & Low Prices.

Pioneer Pointers.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

PIONEER, Aug. 6.—On the 25th of July, Isaac Griffith had the misfortune to lose his stable and granary and all his outbuildings, together with all of his implements, buggy and harness, in fact everything he had to work his place with, and he had a good outfit. Wesley Ashford lost a valuable mare in the same fire. Isaac is a great man to house up every implement he has as soon as he is done using it, and we are very sorry to say he is a great loser by it, for the most of us farmers would only lose the use of our implements for they are scattered over the farms generally so much. The origin of the fire is not known, as it was after night when all were in bed; and when Isaac awoke everything was too far gone to do anything. He lost about 11 pigs and about 100 fowl. To say we are sorry is only a mild term to use, as we ought to do more. The least we, as neighbors, could do is to try and get a hard lot of it for the last year. His loss is about \$700 as near as we can figure it.

W. Hawkins has left this part to look for work for the winter. Mrs. Hawkins is back to her father's at present.

We are busy cutting the harvest that is left by the gophers and dry weather. The farmers are trying to get their seed off for a great many farmers do not believe in changing seed every year, as it hardly gets naturalized in one season; we hope it will do better the second year.

We were sorry to hear of Mr. Thompson losing the prizecock, but if his name does not get him coming to the fair he may get the prize for the best team of mares.

Water is getting very scarce in the neighborhood, but we expect Mr. Davin here and we will surely get him to do something for us in the line of building dams or reservoirs, such as the Moose Jaw dam. We want to let him see a little of the bad side of the question this year as we need help and we want for it, if the government will only give us a fair value for our work; we are not lazy only we are tired working hard so long for nothing and boarding ourselves. So let us at the paying part, N. F. as soon as possible, and we will make you think that the moose builders have returned by the banks we will throw up.

HAY SEED.

Matrimonial.

Scarcely a week passed during this summer that the pleasure of recording the celebration of a marriage ceremony was not afforded THE TIMES. In this issue the pleasure is administered in double quantity, for there are two happy weddings to chronicle, both of which were held on Wednesday, August 8th.

HARRIS-SPENCE.

At 1:30 on Wednesday the Rev. F. B. Stacey tied the nuptial knot for Mr. N. Edgar Harris and Miss Mary C. Spence. The former is son of Nathaniel Harris, Esq., and the latter is daughter of Wm. Spence, Esq., of Marlboro. The ceremony was performed at the residence of the bride's father where a sumptuous repast was immediately afterwards partaken of. Later in the day the newly-wedded couple repaired to their own residence accompanied by their friends, and a second wedding repast was shared in.

MALLEN-SCOTT.

At 8:30 o'clock in the evening of the same day another marriage ceremony was performed by Rev. W. E. Brown, when Mr. Alfred Malles, of the C.P.R. service, and Miss Margaret Scott, daughter of Mr. C. S. Scott, of Moose Jaw, were joined in the indissoluble bonds of wedlock. The wedding took place at the residence of Mr. Scott on High street, under whose roof were assembled guests to the number of fifty. The bride was Miss Clara Scott, sister of the bride, and the groom was supported by Mr. Jos. McEwan. The wedding supper over, the guests indulged in dancing, and an evening of lively amusement followed. The list of presents received by the bride is too long for enumeration; it includes many exquisite and useful articles.

Read THE TIMES' advertisements.

O. B. FYSH,

Auctioneer & Valuator.
Orders for Auction Sales or Bailiff's work left at Mr. Wm. Grayson's office will receive prompt attention.

HITCHCOCK

&

McCULLOCH.

BANKERS

AND

FINANCIAL AGENTS.

MOOSE JAW.

Agents.—Bank of Montreal.

HEALEY'S

Having purchased the Stock of R. C. McDonald and enlarged my premises, I have now the largest Stock of

FRUITS

AND

CONFECTIONERY

ever opened in Moose Jaw.

—20—30—

Prices away down. Terms Cash

THOS. HEALEY'S

Confectionery Store.

Main Street, Moose Jaw.

HUGH FERGUSON

Wholesale and Retail

BUTCHER

Fresh meats of all kinds constantly on hand.

FISH AND POULTRY.

Main Street - Moose Jaw.

WOOL.

KINNAIRD, SHAW & CO.

Midnapore Mills.

CALGARY, - N.W.T.

Are prepared to give a fair price for wool delivered at Midnapore Siding on the Calgary & Edmonton railway in exchange for Blankets, Flannels, Tweeds and Yarns, all manufactured of pure fresh wool, and free from shoddy or admixture of any kind, at fair current prices.

These goods are similar to home spun, and of good wearing quality.

Blankets, any color or size, \$5 to \$8 a pair. Flannels, from 10c. to \$1 a yard. Flannels, home made to measure, \$2 each. Flannels Vests and Drawers, \$1.25 each. Suits to measure, \$10 to \$15.

Samples or instructions for self measurement sent on application.

HOUSE TO LET.

House to let on Fairford street, property of Mrs. Latham. Apply to Wm. Grayson, Moose Jaw.